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Department of Economic
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Statistics Division
Office of the High Representative for
Least Developed Countries,
Landlocked Developing Countries and
Small Island Developing States

World Statistics Pocketbook 2010

Least Developed Countries



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The *Department of Economic and Social Affairs* of the United Nations Secretariat works in three main interlinked areas. It compiles and analyses a wide range of economic, social and environmental information to support member States' review of common problems and policy options; facilitates the negotiations of member States in intergovernmental bodies on joint courses of action to address global challenges; and advises interested governments on means of translating policy frameworks developed in United Nations conferences and summits into programmes at the country level and helps build national capacities through technical assistance.

The *Office of the High Representative for the Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States* was established by the United Nations General Assembly in 2001 through its resolution 56/277. The Office assists the Secretary-General in ensuring the full mobilization and coordination of the United Nations system in the follow-up and monitoring of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries, the Almaty Declaration and Programme of Action, 2003, for Transit Transport Cooperation between Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries, and the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States and Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme.

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World Statistics Pocketbook 2010 Least Developed Countries

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Preface

The Least Developed Countries represent the poorest and weakest segment of the international community. The category of LDCs was officially established in 1971 by the UN General Assembly with a view to attracting special international support for this group of countries. Four United Nations Conferences on the LDCs had been held since, each charting a decade programme for the LDCs. The first two were held in Paris in 1981 and in 1990, the third in Brussels in 2001 and the fourth in Istanbul in 2011.

The Fourth United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries provided a major opportunity to deepen the global partnership in support of LDCs. With the adoption of the Istanbul Programme of Action (IPoA) and the Istanbul Declaration, it set the framework for development cooperation for the decade 2011 to 2020. The overarching goal of the IPoA is to overcome the structural challenges faced by the LDCs in order to eradicate poverty and achieve internationally agreed development goals, with a special focus on MDGs. It specifically aims to enable half of the LDCs to meet the criteria for graduation by 2020. The IPoA focuses on reducing vulnerabilities of LDCs and addresses new challenges to development including the effects of the interlinked food, fuel and economic crises and climate change, with a strong focus on structural transformation through increasing productive capacity.

Areas for actions to be implemented by LDCs and their development partners will focus on eight interlinked priority areas:

- A. Productive capacity
- B. Agriculture, food security and rural development
- C. Trade
- D. Commodities
- E. Human and social development
- F. Multiple crises and other emerging challenges
- G. Mobilizing financial resources for development and capacity-building
- H. Good governance at all levels

The present statistics *Pocketbook* for the least developed countries has been prepared by the Office of the High Representative for the Least Developing Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States, in cooperation with the Statistics Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, to provide basic statistical indicators and related general information on development trends and circumstances in these countries in the fields of economic, merchandise trade, demography, social development, gender and environment.

The indicators shown are those prepared by the Statistics Division for the global 2010 *World Statistics Pocketbook* covering all countries and areas of the world. They have been selected by the Division from the wealth of international statistical information compiled by the Statistics Division and the Population Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, the statistical services of the United Nations specialized agencies and other international organizations and institutions. Special recognition is gratefully given for their assistance in continually providing data.

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Introduction

Time period

This issue of the *World Statistics Pocketbook* covers various years from 2000 to 2010. For the economic indicators, in general, three years - 2000, 2005 and 2009 - are shown, unless otherwise indicated. Due to space limitations, data for one year only are shown for the indicators in the social and environmental categories. For the six social indicators for which the range of years 2010-2015 is shown, the data refer to projections. When other ranges of years are shown, the data refer to the most recent year available within that range.

Organization of the *Pocketbook*

The country tables or profiles are presented alphabetically according to countries' names in English and contain the available data for the following broad categories:

- *General information*: includes each country's location by geographical region, currency, surface area, population and population density, capital city and United Nations membership date
- *Economic indicators*: includes national accounts (Gross domestic product (GDP), GDP growth rate, GDP per capita, gross national income per capita and gross fixed capital formation), exchange rates, balance of payments, consumer price index, production indices (industrial, agricultural and food), unemployment, employment, labour force participation, tourist arrivals, energy production, telephone subscribers and internet users
- *Trade*: contains the value of total exports and imports as well as the countries' main trading partners
- *Social indicators*: includes population (numbers, growth rates, age groups and sex ratios), life expectancy, infant mortality rate, total fertility rate, contraceptive prevalence, international migrant stock, refugees, education (expenditure and enrolment), deaths by assault and female participation in national parliaments
- *Environmental indicators*: includes threatened species, forested area, CO₂ emission estimates, energy consumption per capita and climatological information.

Introduction (continued)

The complete set of indicators, listed by category and in the order in which they appear in the profiles, is shown at the beginning of the country profile section. Not all indicators are shown for each country or area due to different degrees of data availability.

The technical notes section, which follows the country profile pages, contains brief descriptions of the concepts and methodologies used in the compilation of the indicators as well as information on the statistical sources for the indicators. Readers interested in longer time-series data or more detailed descriptions of the concepts or methodologies should consult the primary sources of the data and the references listed in the section following the technical notes.

The index of indicators, at the back of this publication, lists the complete set of indicators in alphabetical order and shows the category in which each is presented in the country profiles along with the pages on which information on the concepts, definitions and the data sources are given. As noted above, the number of indicators actually shown for the countries varies according to data availability.

* * *

The *World Statistics Pocketbook* is prepared annually by the Statistical Services Branch of the Statistics Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat. The programme manager is Mary Jane Holupka, the editor is Iliana Vaca, and the software developer is Salomon Cameo. Comments on this publication are welcome and may be sent by e-mail to statistics@un.org.

Symbols and abbreviations

The following symbols and abbreviations are used throughout the *World Statistics Pocketbook*:

...	Data not available
–	Magnitude zero
<	Magnitude not zero, but less than half of the unit employed
–<	Magnitude not zero, but negative and less than half of the unit employed
000	Thousands
°C	Degrees Celsius
°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
%	Percentage
60+	Aged sixty years and over
.	Decimal figures are always preceded by a period (.)
CFA	Coopération financière en Afrique centrale
CIF	Cost, insurance and freight
CO ₂	Carbon dioxide
CPI	Consumer price index
f	Females
FOB	Free on board
GDP	Gross domestic product
GNI	Gross national income
ILO	International Labour Organization
ISIC	International Standard Industrial Classification
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
km	Kilometres
m	Males
mt	Metric tons
UN	United Nations
UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNHCR	Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
UNSD	United Nations Statistics Division
US\$	United States dollar

Weights and measures

The metric system of weights and measures is employed in the *World Statistics Pocketbook*. The equivalents of the basic British Imperial and United States weights and measures are as follows:

Area	1 square kilometre	= 0.386102 square mile
Weight or mass	1 ton	= 1.102311 short tons or
		= 0.987207 long ton
Distance	1 kilogram	= 35.273962 avoirdupois ounces
		= 2.204623 avoirdupois pounds
	1 kilometre	= 0.621371 mile
Temperature	1 millimetre	= 0.039 inch
	°C	= (°F - 32) × 5/9

Indicator list*

General information

Region
Currency
Surface area (square kilometres)
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)
United Nations membership date

Economic indicators

GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)
GDP per capita (current US\$)
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$)
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)
Industrial production index (2005=100)
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)
Food production index (1999-2001=100)
Unemployment (% of labour force)
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)
Labour force participation, adult female population (%)
Labour force participation, adult male population (%)
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)

Trade

Total trade (exports and imports, million US\$)
Major trading partners (exports and imports, %)

Social indicators

Population growth rate (average annual %)
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)
Urban population (%)
Population aged 0-14 years (%)
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)
Education: Primary and secondary gross enrolment ratio (females and males per 100)
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)
Deaths by assault (females and males, per 100 000)
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)

Environmental indicators

Threatened species
Forested area (% of land area)
CO₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)

* The complete set of information and indicators listed here may not be shown for each country or area depending upon data availability.

Country profiles

Afghanistan

Region	South-central Asia		
Currency	Afghani (AFN) ^a		
Surface area (square kilometres)	652 090		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	28 150		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	43.2		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Kabul (3 573)		
United Nations membership date	19 November 1946		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	3 532	6 840	12 853
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	-3.5	14.5	22.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	172.0	279.1	456.6
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	172.0	279.1	456.6
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	14.3	31.3	24.6
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^b	...	50.41	48.74
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	93	121	126
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	93	123	128
Unemployment (% of labour force)	...	8.5	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	31.3	32.0	33.1
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	84.3	84.5	84.5
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	154 ^c	77 ^c	78 ^d
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1 ^e	5.3	43.1
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1 ^f	1.2	3.6
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
	(million US\$)	(% of exports)	(% of imports)
Exports	403.4	Pakistan 47.4	Uzbekistan 26.3
Imports	3 336.4	India 18.8	China 10.8
		Iran 10.2	Japan 10.1
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	3.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	4.7
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.8
Urban population (%)		2010	22.6
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2010	45.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)		2010	4.0/3.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2010	107.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	45.5/45.5
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	146.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	6.3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) ^g		2006-2009	18.6
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)		mid-2010	90.9/0.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		end-2009	361 985
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)		2005-2010	51.7/89.5
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2005-2010	20.4 ^h
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2010	27.7
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2010	34
Forested area (% of land area)		2008	2.1
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)		2007	714/0.0
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2008	15.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			312
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			4.3/19.6

a Beginning October 2002, 1 new Afghani (AFN) = 1000 old Afghanis (AFA). **b** Principal rate. **c** UNSD estimate. **d** 2008. **e** Main telephone lines only. **f** 2003. **g** Age group 10 to 49 years. **h** 2004.

Angola

Region	Middle Africa		
Currency	Kwanza (AOA)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	1 246 700		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	18 498		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	14.8		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Luanda (4 511)		
United Nations membership date	1 December 1976		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	9 133	19 888	34 991
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	3.1	20.6	-0.4
GDP per capita (current US\$)	639.6	1 196.8	1 891.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	521.9	1 039.3	1 627.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	12.1	7.7	16.6
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	16.82	80.78	89.40
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	796	5 138	-7 572
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100	1 846	3 003
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	99	147	197
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	99	148	199
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	75.2	74.8	74.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	90.2	89.5	88.4
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	51	210	366
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	37 310	63 253	96 987 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.6	10.3	45.5
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	1.1	3.3
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.6
Urban population (%)	2010		58.5
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		44.7
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		4.3/3.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		97.2
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		51.4/47.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		105.3
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		6.2 ^d
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^e	mid-2010		65.4/0.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		35 903
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		2.7
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ^f	2005-2010		39.9 ^g
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		38.6
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		117
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		47.1
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		24 743/2.0
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		221.0
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			22.3/27.7

a Official rate. **b** Luanda. **c** 2008. **d** 2001. **e** Includes refugees. **f** National estimate. **g** 2002.

Bangladesh

Region	South-central Asia
Currency	Taka (BDT)
Surface area (square kilometres)	143 998
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	162 221
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	1 126.6
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Dhaka (14 251)
United Nations membership date	17 September 1974

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	45 470	57 628	89 159
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	5.9	6.0	6.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	323.0	376.4	549.6
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	334.9	395.6	610.1
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	23.0	24.5	24.2
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	54.00	66.21	69.27
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-306	-176	3 345
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100	127	169
Industrial production index (2005=100) ^{cd}	81 ^e	100	138
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	102	116	131
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	102	117	131
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^f	3.3	4.3	...
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	10.3 ^{fg}	14.5 ^{fg}	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	62.1 ^{fg}	48.1 ^{fg}	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	54.7	57.2	58.7
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	86.1	84.3	82.5
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	199	208	467 ^h
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	8 380	12 268	16 194 ^h
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.6	6.6	33.3
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.2	0.4

Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ⁱ	(% of exports) ⁱ		(% of imports) ⁱ
Exports	13 143.0	United States 25.7	China 15.6
Imports	17 622.9	Germany 15.2	India 13.2
		United Kingdom 9.5	Kuwait 7.2

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.3
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	3.1
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	0.5
Urban population (%)	2010	28.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010	30.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010	6.4/5.9
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010	102.3
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	69.0/66.5
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	37.3
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	2.2
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009	55.8
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^j	mid-2010	1 085.3/0.7
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009	228 586
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010	2.4
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^k	2005-2010	65.8/60.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010	35.1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	18.6

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	122
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	11.1
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	43 715/0.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	124.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)		2 154
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)		21.5/30.6

a Principal rate. **b** Government officials. **c** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev. 3. **d** Average of 12 months ending 30 June of the year stated. **e** 2002. **f** Year ending in June of the year indicated. **g** Household or labour force survey. **h** 2008. **i** 2007. **j** Includes refugees. **k** National estimate.

Benin

Region	Western Africa		
Currency	CFA Franc (XOF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	112 622		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	8 935		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	79.3		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Cotonou (815) ^a		
United Nations membership date	20 September 1960		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	2 359	4 358	6 602
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	4.9	2.9	2.7
GDP per capita (current US\$)	354.3	553.9	738.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	336.8	541.3	729.3
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	18.0	19.4	24.4
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^b	704.95	556.04	455.34
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-111	-270	-619 ^c
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^d	100	115	133
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	102	115	113
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	101	120	117
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	63.9	66.3	67.4
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	81.4	78.9	77.9
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	96	176 ^e	190 ^e
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	35	0	0 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.6	8.6	57.8
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	1.3	2.2
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^f	(% of exports) ^f		(% of imports) ^f
Exports	224.6	China 24.0	France 17.2
Imports	1 003.3	Nigeria 8.7	China 8.5
		India 8.6	Côte d'Ivoire 6.9
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.9
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.1
Urban population (%)	2010		42.0
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		42.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.9/4.2
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		102.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		64.5/62.0
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		77.1
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.1
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		17.0
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^{gh}	mid-2010		232.0/2.5
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		7 329
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		3.5
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ⁱ	2005-2010		60.2/81.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ⁱ	2005-2010		19.8 ^j
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		10.8
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		62
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		42.1
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		3 873/0.4
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		133.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 308
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			24.3/30.1

a Porto-Novo is the constitutional capital; Cotonou is the seat of government. **b** Official rate. **c** 2008. **d** Cotonou. **e** Country estimates. **f** 2006. **g** Data refer to foreign-born and foreign citizens. **h** Includes refugees. **i** UNESCO estimate. **j** 2001.

Bhutan

Region	South-central Asia		
Currency	Ngultrum (BTN)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	38 394		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	697		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	18.2		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Thimphu (89)		
United Nations membership date	21 September 1971		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	439	805	1 243
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	5.9	7.0	6.3
GDP per capita (current US\$)	782.5	1 238.6	1 782.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	781.7	1 219.8	1 760.6
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	50.0	50.8	41.7
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	46.75	45.06	46.68
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	...	-79 ^b	-113
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	117	140 ^c
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	92	152	152
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	92	152	152
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^d	...	3.1	3.7 ^e
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	...	17.2 ^{fg}	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	...	43.6 ^{fg}	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	36.9	47.7	53.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	72.0	71.5	70.7
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	8	14	23
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	191 ^h	287	685 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	2.5 ⁱ	10.6	52.4
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.4	3.9	7.2
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	495.8	India 93.5	India 77.8
Imports	529.4	Bangladesh 3.2	Singapore 2.9
		China, Hong Kong SAR 2.8	Japan 2.2
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.8
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.4
Urban population (%)	2010		34.7
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		29.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		7.3/7.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		111.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		69.8/65.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		38.0
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		2.4
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		30.7 ^j
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010		40.3/5.7
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		4.8
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		86.6/86.2
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		34.8
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		8.5
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		59
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		84.1
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		579/0.9
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		442.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres) ^k			799
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum) ^k			14.0/24.3

a Official rate. **b** 2006. **c** 2008. **d** March to May. **e** 2007. **f** May. **g** Population census. **h** UNSD estimate. **i** Main telephone lines only. **j** 2000. **k** Wangdi Phodrang.

Burkina Faso

Region	Western Africa		
Currency	CFA Franc (XOF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	272 967		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	15 757		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	57.7		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Ouagadougou (1 777)		
United Nations membership date	20 September 1960		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	2 617	5 426	8 145
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	1.9	7.1	3.2
GDP per capita (current US\$)	224.1	394.7	516.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	222.4	397.7	516.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	19.2	14.3	21.4
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	704.95	556.04	455.34
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-392	-819	-1 994 ^b
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^c	100	116	135
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	87	137	140
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	86	125	136
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	77.5	78.0	78.2
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	90.9	90.7	90.8
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^d	126	245	269
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	8	9	12 ^b
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.7	5.3	25.2
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.5	1.1
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	795.5	Switzerland 55.4	Côte d'Ivoire 14.5
Imports	1 870.3	Singapore 11.8	France 12.8
		France 5.2	China 9.8
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.1
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		6.2
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.9
Urban population (%)	2010		25.7
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		46.4
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		3.9/2.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		99.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		55.9/53.1
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		75.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.5
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		17.4
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^e	mid-2010		1 043.0/6.4
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		1 058
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		4.6
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		45.6/53.2
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		32.1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		15.3
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		24
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		21.1
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		1 693/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		42.0

a Official rate. **b** 2008. **c** Ouagadougou. **d** Arrivals of non-resident tourists in hotels and similar establishments. **e** Includes refugees.

Burundi

Region	Eastern Africa
Currency	Burundi Franc (BIF)
Surface area (square kilometres)	27 834
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	8 303
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	298.3
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Bujumbura (455)
United Nations membership date	18 September 1962

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	955	1 073	1 251
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	-0.9	0.9	3.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	147.5	145.5	150.6
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	147.1	143.1	188.5
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	8.3	17.1	13.7
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	778.20	997.78	1 230.50
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-103	-222	-164
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100	145	161 ^c
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	95	110	109
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	95	112	110
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	90.5	90.7	91.1
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	90.0	88.1	87.5
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^d	29	148	201 ^e
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	10	10	13 ^f
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.6	2.5	10.5
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.5	1.9

Total trade	Major trading partners	2009	
(million US\$)	(% of exports)	(% of imports)	
Exports	112.9	United Arab Emirates 25.6	Belgium 13.5
Imports	344.8	Switzerland 18.3	China 9.4
		United Rep. Tanzania 8.4	Kenya 9.3

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.0
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	4.9
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.6
Urban population (%)	2010	11.0
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010	37.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010	5.2/3.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010	96.3
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	54.0/50.7
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	91.0
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	4.0
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009	9.1
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^g	mid-2010	60.8/0.7
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009	163 667
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010	8.3
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010	76.6/82.6
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ^h	2005-2010	30.5
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	32.1

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	52
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	6.8
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	180/0.0
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	9.0

a Official rate. **b** Bujumbura. **c** 2007. **d** Includes nationals residing abroad. **e** 2006. **f** 2008. **g** Includes refugees. **h** UNESCO estimate.

Cambodia

Region	South-eastern Asia		
Currency	Riel (KHR)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	181 035		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	14 805		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	81.8		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Phnom Penh (1 519)		
United Nations membership date	14 December 1955		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	3 667	6 293	10 798
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	8.8	13.3	-2.7
GDP per capita (current US\$)	287.4	453.9	729.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	246.1	388.5	615.2
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	18.3	18.9	15.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	3 905.00	4 112.00	4 165.00
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-136	-307	-866
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100	114	159
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	100	140	182
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	100	141	183
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^{cd}	2.5	7.1 ^e	...
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	8.4 ^{cdf}	...	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	73.7 ^{cdf}	...	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	75.4	74.7	73.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	84.5	85.7	85.6
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	466 ^g	1 333	2 046
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	4 ^h	4	4 ⁱ
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.3	7.9	42.7
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.3	0.5
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ⁱ	(of exports) ⁱ		(of imports) ⁱ
Exports	4 358.2	United States 45.2	China 21.1
Imports	4 416.7	China, Hong Kong SAR 19.3	Thailand 15.8
		Canada 6.7	China, Hong Kong SAR 13.3
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	3.2
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.2
Urban population (%)		2010	20.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2010	32.6
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)		2010	7.1/4.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2010	96.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	65.1/61.3
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	52.8
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	2.7
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2009	40.0 ^j
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^k		mid-2010	335.8/2.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		end-2009	164
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		2005-2010	1.6
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)		2005-2010	74.7/83.4
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2005-2010	34.4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2010	21.1
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2010	204
Forested area (% of land area)		2008	58.6
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)		2007	4 437/0.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2008	108.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 636
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			23.8/32.5

a Market rate. **b** Phnom Penh. **c** November. **d** Age group 10 years and over. **e** 2004. **f** Household or labour force survey. **g** Visitors. **h** UNSD estimate. **i** 2008. **j** 2005. **k** Data refer to foreign citizens.

Central African Republic

Region	Middle Africa
Currency	CFA Franc (XAF)
Surface area (square kilometres)	622 984
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	4 422
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	7.1
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Bangui (702)
United Nations membership date	20 September 1960

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	914	1 350	1 980
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	3.7	0.9	1.7
GDP per capita (current US\$)	244.1	329.2	447.8
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	240.9	328.7	445.7
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	11.1	9.8	11.8
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	704.96	554.28	454.58
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^{bc}	100	112	136
Industrial production index (2005=100) ^d	...	100	211 ^e
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	102	107	119
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	102	111	123
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	70.4	71.0	71.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	86.8	86.8	86.7
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^f	11	12	31 ^e
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	7 ^g	9 ^g	11 ^{eg}
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.4	2.7	13.8
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.3	0.5

Total trade	Major trading partners			2009
(million US\$) ^h	(%) of exports) ^h		(%) of imports) ^h	
Exports	116.2	Belgium 28.3	Cameroon	15.7
Imports	186.3	France 18.7	France	13.8
		Switzerland 13.7	Dem. Rep. of Congo	6.1

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.8
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.5
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.3
Urban population (%)	2010	38.9
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010	40.3
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010	6.4/5.3
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010	96.6
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	50.0/47.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	97.3
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	4.3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009	19.0
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ⁱ	mid-2010	80.5/1.8
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009	225 319
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010	1.3
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010	41.7/60.7
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010	30.5
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	9.6

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	36
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	36.4
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	253/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	23.0

a UN operational exchange rate. **b** Excludes rent. **c** Bangui. **d** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev. 3. **e** 2008. **f** Air arrivals in Bangui only. **g** UNSD estimate. **h** 2005. **i** Data refer to foreign citizens.

Chad

Region	Middle Africa		
Currency	CFA Franc (XAF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	1 284 000		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	11 206		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	8.7		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	N'Djaména (808)		
United Nations membership date	20 September 1960		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 385	5 873	6 839
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	-0.5	7.9	-1.6
GDP per capita (current US\$)	164.9	586.3	610.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	186.0	330.2	349.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	15.2	20.3	19.3
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	704.95	556.04	455.34
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100	118	141
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	93	119	118
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	93	120	125
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	64.6	62.6	62.7
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	80.2	78.5	78.2
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^c	43	29	25 ^d
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	8 808	6 331 ^e
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	2.2	20.9
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	<	0.4	1.5
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.6
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.6
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.8
Urban population (%)	2010		27.6
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		45.6
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		4.8/4.1
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		51.3/48.7
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		123.3
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.8
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		2.8 ^f
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^g	mid-2010		388.3/3.4
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		531 663
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		3.2
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		45.0/70.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		14.7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		5.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		30
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		9.3
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		385/0.0
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		6.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			510 ^h
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			20.8/30.5

a Official rate. **b** N'Djaména. **c** Arrivals of non-resident tourists in hotels and similar establishments. **d** 2007. **e** 2008. **f** 2004. **g** Includes refugees. **h** January to November only.

Comoros

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	Comorian Franc (KMF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	2 235		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	676		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	302.5		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Moroni (49)		
United Nations membership date	12 November 1975		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	202	387	530
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	1.4	4.2	1.1
GDP per capita (current US\$)	365.8	627.8	784.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	366.4	623.9	788.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	10.1	9.3	13.4
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	528.71	417.03	341.50
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	100	99	112
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	100	99	112
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	70.1	72.2	73.7
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	83.8	84.8	85.4
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	24	26	15 ^b
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0 ^c	0 ^c	0 ^{cd}
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.2 ^e	5.3	21.7
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.3	3.2	3.6
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
	(million US\$) ^b	(% of exports) ^b	(% of imports) ^b
Exports	8.5	...	United Arab Emirates 38.6
Imports	120.5	...	France 10.8
		...	Pakistan 4.0
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.1
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.8
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.8
Urban population (%)	2010		28.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		38.1
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.1/4.3
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		100.7
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		69.5/64.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		40.1
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.6
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		25.7 ^f
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010		13.5/2.0
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		0 ^g
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		7.6
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^h	2005-2010		75.1/89.2
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ^h	2005-2010		43.2 ⁱ
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		3.0
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		89
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		2.0
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		121/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		64.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			2 700
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			21.2/29.5

a Official rate. **b** 2007. **c** UNSD estimate. **d** 2008. **e** Main telephone lines only. **f** 2000. **g** Value is zero, not available or not applicable. **h** UNESCO estimate. **i** 2004.

Democratic Republic of the Congo

Region	Middle Africa		
Currency	Franc Congolais (CDF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	2 344 858		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	66 020		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	28.2		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Kinshasa (8 401)		
United Nations membership date	20 September 1960		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	5 265	7 239	11 204
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	-6.9	7.9	2.8
GDP per capita (current US\$)	103.6	122.5	169.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	94.3	116.6	160.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	3.5	13.8	19.4
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	50.00	431.28	902.66
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	99	97	97
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	99	97	98
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	55.5	55.8	56.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	86.1	85.8	85.6
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	103	61 ^b	53 ^b
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	1 752	1 989	1 899 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	4.7	14.4
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	<	0.2	0.5 ^c
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.6
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.5
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.6
Urban population (%)	2010		35.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		46.4
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		4.7/3.8
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.3
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		50.4/47.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		109.4
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.5
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		20.6
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^d	mid-2010		444.7/0.7
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		2 362 295
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		57.5/74.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		26.1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		8.4
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		296
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		68.3
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		2 433/0.0
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		22.0

a Market rate. **b** Air arrivals. **c** 2008. **d** Includes refugees.

Djibouti

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	Djibouti Franc (DJF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	23 200		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	864		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	37.3		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Djibouti (567)		
United Nations membership date	20 September 1977		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	553	710	930
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	0.7	3.2	5.1
GDP per capita (current US\$)	757.9	881.9	1 075.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	736.6	913.5	1 172.5
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	12.2	16.5	16.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	177.72	177.72	177.72
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-19	20	-71
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	102	115	147
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	102	115	147
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^b	59.5 ^c	...	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	56.6	59.5	61.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	81.2	79.8	78.7
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^d	20	30	40 ^e
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	0	0 ^f
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.4	6.8	16.9
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	1.0	3.0
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
	(million US\$)	(% of exports)	(% of imports)
Exports	363.7	Ethiopia 35.4	France 30.5
Imports	647.6	France 20.1	United Arab Emirates 18.5
		Somalia 11.9	Saudi Arabia 6.0
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.6
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.8
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.1
Urban population (%)		2010	76.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2010	35.6
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)		2010	5.9/5.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2010	99.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	58.5/55.8
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	75.2
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	3.5
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2009	17.8
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^g		mid-2010	114.2/13.0
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		end-2009	13 032
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		2005-2010	8.4
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)		2005-2010	31.4/39.5
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2005-2010	40.7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2010	13.9
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2010	81
Forested area (% of land area)		2008	<
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)		2007	487/0.6
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2008	182.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			164
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			25.9/33.9

a Official rate. **b** Official estimates. **c** 2003. **d** Arrivals of non-resident tourists in hotels and similar establishments. **e** 2007. **f** 2008. **g** Includes refugees.

Equatorial Guinea

Region	Middle Africa		
Currency	CFA Franc (XAF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	28 051		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	676		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	24.1		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Malabo (128)		
United Nations membership date	12 November 1968		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 177	7 206	11 864
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	13.1	8.9	5.3
GDP per capita (current US\$)	2 226.3	11 835.5	17 543.8
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	1 526.1	6 010.3	12 761.7
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	61.9	21.7	25.7
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	704.95	556.04	455.34
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100	145 ^c	...
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	101	94	91
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	100	95	89
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	33.8	37.1	39.7
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	93.1	92.4	92.0
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	6 672	24 482	25 041 ^d
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	2.1	17.6	31.1
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	1.2	2.1
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.1
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.9
Urban population (%)	2010		39.7
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		40.8
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		4.6/4.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.5
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		53.3/50.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		90.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.1
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		10.1 ^e
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^f	mid-2010		7.5/1.1
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		0 ^g
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP) ^h	2005-2010		0.6 ⁱ
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^h	2005-2010		57.5/69.7 ^j
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		30.3 ^e
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		10.0
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		130
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		58.8
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		4 793/9.5
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		2 644.0

a Official rate. **b** Malabo. **c** 2006. **d** 2008. **e** 2000. **f** Data refer to foreign citizens. **g** Value is zero, not available or not applicable. **h** UNESCO estimate. **i** 2003. **j** 2002.

Eritrea

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	Nakfa (ERN)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	117 600		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	5 073		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	43.1		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Asmara (649)		
United Nations membership date	28 May 1993		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	706	1 098	1 873
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	-12.4	2.6	3.6
GDP per capita (current US\$)	193.1	245.6	369.2
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	223.1	285.6	429.5
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	22.0	20.3	9.1
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	10.20	15.38	15.38
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-105	...	...
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	93	104	124
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	93	104	125
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	55.2	59.2	62.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	82.6	82.9	83.4
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^{bc}	70	83	79
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	0	0 ^d
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.8 ^e	1.7	3.7
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	1.8	4.1 ^d
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.8
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		5.2
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.1
Urban population (%)	2010		21.6
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		41.5
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		4.9/3.3
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		96.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		63.6/59.0
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		48.1
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		4.2
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		8.0 ^f
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^g	mid-2010		16.5/0.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		4 893
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		2.0
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		34.2/44.2
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		25.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		22.0
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		97
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		15.3
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		579/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		26.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			533
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			8.9/23.2

a Official rate. **b** Visitors. **c** Includes nationals residing abroad. **d** 2008. **e** Main telephone lines only. **f** 2002. **g** Estimates.

Ethiopia

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	Birr (ETB)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	1 104 300		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	82 825		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	75.0		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Addis Ababa (2 863)		
United Nations membership date	13 November 1945		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	8 111	12 286	28 538
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	6.1	11.8	9.9
GDP per capita (current US\$)	123.8	164.6	344.6
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	123.4	164.7	343.9
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	20.3	23.0	22.4
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	8.31	8.68	12.64
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	13	-1 568	-2 191
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100 ^c	138	289
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	98	132	148
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	97	134	150
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^{de}	...	5.0	...
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	...	6.6 ^{def}	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	...	80.2 ^{def}	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	72.8	78.4	80.7
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	90.9	91.1	90.3
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	143	244	285 ^g
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.4	1.4	6.0
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	<	0.2	0.5
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	1 618.2	China 15.0	China 24.1
Imports	7 973.9	Netherlands 8.9	Saudi Arabia 11.7
		Somalia 8.3	India 8.0
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.8
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.2
Urban population (%)	2010		16.7
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		43.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.4/4.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		99.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		58.6/55.7
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		70.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		4.8
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		14.7 ^h
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ⁱ	mid-2010		548.0/0.6
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		124 361
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		5.5
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		66.4/75.6
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		23.8
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		27.8
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		120
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		12.6
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		6 504/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		29.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 055
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			15.9/23.2

a Official rate. **b** Index base 2001=100. **c** 2001. **d** March. **e** Age group 10 years and over. **f** Household or labour force survey. **g** 2008. **h** 2005. **i** Includes refugees.

Gambia

Region	Western Africa		
Currency	Dalasi (GMD)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	11 295		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	1 705		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	151.0		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Banjul (436)		
United Nations membership date	21 September 1965		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	783	629	925
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	6.1	2.1	4.6
GDP per capita (current US\$)	601.4	412.5	542.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	572.1	373.8	497.1
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	36.8	32.4	34.1
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	14.89	28.14	26.94
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-2 ^b	-51	29
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^c	100	157	184
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	101	93	117
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	101	93	117
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	70.8	70.7	70.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	86.0	85.8	85.2
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^d	79	108	142
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	0	0 ^e
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	3.0	19.1	86.9
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.9	3.8	7.6
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	66.0	Senegal 26.8	Côte d'Ivoire 14.3
Imports	303.9	Guinea 23.9	China 11.5
		Guinea-Bissau 14.1	United Kingdom 7.8
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.7
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.7
Urban population (%)	2010		58.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		42.1
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.2/4.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		59.2/55.7
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		72.2
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		4.6
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		17.5 ^f
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010		290.1/16.6
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		12 343
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP) ^g	2005-2010		2.0 ^h
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		71.0/69.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		19.2 ^h
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		7.6
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		43
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		47.6
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		396/0.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		83.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			977
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			19.9/32.0

a Market rate. **b** 2003. **c** Banjul and Kombo St. Mary only. **d** Charter tourists only. **e** 2008. **f** 2001. **g** UNESCO estimate. **h** 2004.

Guinea

Region	Western Africa		
Currency	Guinean Franc (GNF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	245 857		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	10 069		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	41.0		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Conakry (1 597)		
United Nations membership date	12 December 1958		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	3 192	2 937	4 737
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	2.9	2.4	4.9
GDP per capita (current US\$)	380.7	318.5	470.5
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	371.2	288.3	431.1
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	35.4	27.6	24.3
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	1 882.27	4 500.00	5 160.96 ^b
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-155	-175 ^c	-427
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^d	100	185	380
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	101	117	137
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	100	119	140
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	78.9	79.0	79.2
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	89.8	89.5	89.2
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^e	33	45	30 ^f
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	44	43	46 ^b
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.8	2.3	34.9
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.5	0.9
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^b	(% of exports) ^b		(% of imports) ^b
Exports	1 430.5	France 24.5	Netherlands 20.6
Imports	1 835.5	Switzerland 19.5	France 10.1
		Russian Federation 10.6	United Kingdom 7.9
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.8
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.3
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.9
Urban population (%)	2010		35.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		42.6
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.8/4.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		102.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		62.2/58.1
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		88.0
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.0
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		9.1 ^g
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^{hi}	mid-2010		394.6/3.8
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		16 254
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		2.4
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		54.9/71.2
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		24.4
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		134
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		26.9
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		1 389/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		45.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			3 776
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			22.9/29.9

a Market rate. **b** 2008. **c** 2004. **d** Conakry. **e** Air arrivals at Conakry Airport. **f** 2007. **g** 2005. **h** Data refer to foreign citizens. **i** Includes refugees.

Guinea-Bissau

Region	Western Africa		
Currency	CFA Franc (XOF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	36 125		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	1 611		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	44.6		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Bissau (302)		
United Nations membership date	17 September 1974		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	366	573	833
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	7.5	5.0	3.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	281.0	389.0	516.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	264.8	373.6	501.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	11.3	6.2	11.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	704.95	556.04	455.34
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-27 ^b	-46	-93 ^c
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^{d,e}	100 ^f	104	123 ^c
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	100	113	122
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	100	113	122
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	59.9	59.7	59.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	83.4	83.7	83.8
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^g	...	5	30 ^h
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	0	0 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.9 ⁱ	7.4	35.1
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	1.9	2.3
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports) ^j		(% of imports) ^j
Exports	23.2	India 86.6	Senegal 40.9
Imports	111.7	Singapore 12.1	Portugal 37.2
		Portugal 0.4	Thailand 7.0
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.3
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.0
Urban population (%)	2010		30.0
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		42.6
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.8/5.1
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.2
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		51.2/48.1
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		104.5
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.4
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		10.3
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^k	mid-2010		19.2/1.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		8 187
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		5.3 ^l
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		44.0/67.2 ^m
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ⁿ	2005-2010		15.6 ^b
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		10.0
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		52
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		72.6
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		286/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		59.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 756 ^o
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			19.7/32.1 ^o

a Official rate. **b** 2001. **c** 2008. **d** Bissau. **e** Index base 2003=100. **f** 2003. **g** Air arrivals. **h** 2007. **i** Main telephone lines only. **j** 2005. **k** Includes refugees. **l** 1999. **m** 2000. **n** UNESCO estimate. **o** January to November only.

Haiti

Region	Caribbean		
Currency	Gourde (HTG)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	27 750		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	10 033		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	361.5		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Port-au-Prince (2 643)		
United Nations membership date	24 October 1945		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	3 515	3 985	6 279
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	0.9	1.8	2.9
GDP per capita (current US\$)	406.4	423.4	625.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	405.0	416.3	686.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	12.9	13.0	13.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	22.52	43.00	42.02
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-114	-356	-627
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100	255	360
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	103	107	110
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	102	107	110
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	56.4	57.3	57.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	81.5	82.3	82.9
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^c	140	112	304 ^{de}
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	24	23	16 ^e
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.5	6.9	37.4
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	6.4	10.0
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.9
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		-1.6
Urban population (%)	2010		52.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		35.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		6.9/6.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		97.7
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		64.0/60.3
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		60.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.2
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		32.0
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010		35.0/0.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		23
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		4.1
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		137
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		3.7
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		2 396/0.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		79.0

a Principal rate. **b** Metropolitan areas. **c** Air arrivals. **d** Includes nationals residing abroad. **e** 2008.

Kiribati

Region	Oceania-Micronesia
Currency	Australian Dollar (AUD)
Surface area (square kilometres)	726
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	98
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	135.1
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Bairiki (...) ^a
United Nations membership date	14 September 1999

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	67	106	131
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	5.7	0.0	-0.7
GDP per capita (current US\$)	794.7	1 147.6	1 335.5
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	1 054.6	1 383.2	1 617.4
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	47.9	86.9	82.6
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^b	1.80	1.36	1.12
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^c	100	110	125 ^d
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	97	125	125
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	97	125	125
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	7.4 ^e	...	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	2.8 ^e	...	...
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^{fg}	5	4	4 ^d
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	0	0 ^d
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	4.4	5.3	5.1
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	1.8	4.0	8.0
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	3.6	... Australia	29.4
Imports	68.1	... Fiji	25.8
		... France	6.9

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %) ^h	2010-2015	1.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.9
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.1
Urban population (%)	2010	43.9
Population aged 0-14 years (%) ^{hi}	2010	35.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) ^{hi}	2010	6.5/4.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females) ^h	2010	98.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) ^h	2010-2015	63.0/59.0 ^j
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) ^k	2010-2015	52.0 ^l
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) ^k	2010-2015	3.5 ^m
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) ⁿ	2006-2009	36.1 ^o
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010	2.0/2.0
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP) ^p	2005-2010	11.9 ^q
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010	104.3/97.4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	4.4

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	90
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	15.0
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	33/0.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	107.0

a Population estimates for Bairiki are not available. Bairiki is located on the island of Tarawa; the estimated population of South Tarawa is 42,925. **b** Official rate. **c** Tarawa. **d** 2008. **e** Population census. **f** Air arrivals. **g** Tarawa and Christmas Island. **h** Data compiled by the United Nations Demographic Yearbook system. **i** Data refer to the latest available census. **j** 2005. **k** Published by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community. **l** 2003. **m** 2004-2005. **n** All women of reproductive age, irrespective of marital status. **o** 2000. **p** UNESCO estimate. **q** 2002.

Lao People's Democratic Republic

Region	South-eastern Asia		
Currency	Kip (LAK)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	236 800		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	6 320		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	26.7		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Vientiane (799)		
United Nations membership date	14 December 1955		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 653	2 740	5 585
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	5.8	7.3	7.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	306.0	465.9	883.6
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	293.6	441.2	853.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	28.3	34.5	31.1
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	8 218.00	10 743.00	8 484.25
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-8	-174	9
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	163	196
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	105	122	152
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	103	125	152
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	79.5	78.5	77.7
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	81.3	79.7	78.9
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	191	672	1 239
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	519	585 ^b	628 ^{bc}
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.0	12.7	53.3
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.9	4.8
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.8
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.9
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		<
Urban population (%)	2010		33.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		36.8
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		6.1/5.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		99.7
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		68.4/65.3
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		41.3
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.2
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		32.2 ^d
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^{ef}	mid-2010		18.9/0.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		0 ^g
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		2.3
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		70.0/80.3
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		43.2
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		25.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		132
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		68.9
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		1 535/0.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		71.0 ^b
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 661
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			21.8/31.1

a Market rate. **b** UNSD estimate. **c** 2008. **d** 2000. **e** Data refer to foreign citizens. **f** Includes refugees. **g** Value is zero, not available or not applicable.

Lesotho

Region	Southern Africa		
Currency	Loti (LSL)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	30 355		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	2 067		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	68.1		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Maseru (220)		
United Nations membership date	17 October 1966		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	757	1 323	1 613
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	5.3	1.4	1.4
GDP per capita (current US\$)	400.9	663.2	780.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	649.3	914.3	1 054.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	43.2	24.1	29.9
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	7.57	6.32	7.38
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-151	-102	-32
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	140	191
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	94	94	75
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	94	92	72
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	68.9	70.0	70.8
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	80.1	78.7	77.8
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	302 ^b	304 ^b	320
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	25	30	17 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	2.3	14.9	33.9
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	2.6	3.7
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.8
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.4
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		-0.3
Urban population (%)	2010		26.9
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		38.5
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		7.8/6.1
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		89.7
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		46.6/46.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		60.7
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.1
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		37.3 ^d
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^{ef}	mid-2010		6.3/0.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		0 ^g
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		12.4
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^h	2005-2010		82.0/78.3
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		55.2
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		24.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		16
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		1.4
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		9.0

a Principal rate. **b** Visitors. **c** 2008. **d** 2005. **e** Data refer to foreign citizens. **f** Includes refugees. **g** Value is zero, not available or not applicable. **h** UNESCO estimate.

Liberia

Region	Western Africa		
Currency	Liberian Dollar (LRD)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	111 369		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	3 955		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	35.5		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Monrovia (882)		
United Nations membership date	2 November 1945		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	528	511	856
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	22.4	5.3	4.6
GDP per capita (current US\$)	186.9	153.2	216.4
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	129.4	120.6	172.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	7.3	16.4	20.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	42.75	56.50	70.50
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	...	-208	-555
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	102	105	117
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	102	104	130
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	66.0	66.3	66.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	76.9	76.3	75.8
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	0	0 ^b
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.3	4.8 ^c	21.3
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	<	...	0.5
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.6
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.4
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.8
Urban population (%)	2010		47.8
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		42.5
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.3/4.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.8
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		61.5/58.7
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		87.7
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		4.7
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		11.4
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010		96.3/2.4
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		11 395
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		2.8
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		58.9/68.5
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		42.8 ^d
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		12.5
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		147
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		45.6
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		674/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		46.0

a Principal rate. **b** 2008. **c** Mobile cellular subscriptions only. **d** 2000.

Madagascar

Region	Eastern Africa
Currency	Malagasy Ariary (MGA) ^a
Surface area (square kilometres)	587 041
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	19 625
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	33.4
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Antananarivo (1 816)
United Nations membership date	20 September 1960

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	3 878	5 039	8 790
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	4.7	4.6	-5.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	253.9	286.1	447.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	249.2	281.6	442.4
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	16.2	22.2	23.5
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^b	1 310.09	2 159.82	1 954.64
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-283	-626	...
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^c	100	166	241
Industrial production index (2005=100) ^d	81 ^e	100	125 ^f
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	99	116	114
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	99	118	115
Unemployment (% of labour force)	5.8 ^{ghi}	2.3 ^{klm}	...
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	...	3.4 ^{ln}	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) ^{ln}	78.0 ^o	82.0	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	84.0	84.1	84.2
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	89.6	89.2	88.7
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^p	160	277	163
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	46	56	60 ^f
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.8	3.4	33.0
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	0.6	1.6

Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	1 095.9	France 33.1	Thailand 18.3
Imports	3 159.3	United States 17.9	China 11.2
		Germany 6.4	France 10.5

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	3.9
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.9
Urban population (%)	2010	30.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010	42.5
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010	4.9/4.4
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010	99.2
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	64.0/60.6
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	57.3
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	4.3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) ^q	2006-2009	39.9
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^r	mid-2010	37.8/0.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009	0 ^s
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010	3.0
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^t	2005-2010	88.6/91.5
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010	47.5
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	12.5

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	663
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	21.8
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	2 250/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	34.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)		1 365
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)		13.8/24.0

a Beginning 1 January 2005, the Malagasy Ariary (MGA) replaced the Malagasy Franc (MGF), at a rate of 1 Ariary=5 Francs. **b** Official rate. **c** 5 regions. **d** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev. 3. **e** 2002. **f** 2008. **g** May. **h** 7 main cities. **i** Age group 10 years and over. **j** Methodology revised. **k** Household survey. **l** Age group 6 years and over. **m** Data not strictly comparable. **n** Household or labour force survey. **o** 2003. **p** Arrivals of non-resident tourists by air. **q** Preliminary data. **r** Data refer to foreign citizens. **s** Value is zero, not available or not applicable. **t** UNESCO estimate.

Malawi

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	Kwacha (MWK)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	118 484		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	15 263		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	128.8		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Lilongwe (821)		
United Nations membership date	1 December 1964		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	2 402	2 755	4 860
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	1.6	3.3	7.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	203.0	201.8	318.4
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	145.8	149.0	230.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	17.5	20.2	22.6
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	80.08	123.78	146.00
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-74	...	...
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	199	288
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	102	89	142
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	101	86	137
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	75.8	75.6	75.0
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	79.1	79.6	78.8
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^b	228	438	755
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	144 ^c	145	169 ^d
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.8	3.8	16.9
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.4	4.7
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
	(million US\$)	(% of exports)	(% of imports)
Exports	1 187.9	Belgium 17.5	South Africa 34.1
Imports	2 029.0	South Africa 10.2	Mozambique 12.8
		Egypt 6.2	China 5.9
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		5.3
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.1
Urban population (%)	2010		19.8
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		45.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.2/4.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		56.9/55.5
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		74.0
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.1
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		41.0
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^e	mid-2010		275.9/1.8
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		10 045
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		4.2 ^f
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		78.6/78.7
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		33.6
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		20.8
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		158
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		35.1
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		1 055/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		33.0 ^c
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres) ^g			1 289
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum) ^g			12.2/24.1

a Official rate. **b** Departures. **c** UNSD estimate. **d** 2008. **e** Includes refugees. **f** 2003. **g** Mzuzu.

Mali

Region	Western Africa
Currency	CFA Franc (XOF)
Surface area (square kilometres)	1 240 192
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	13 010
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	10.5
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Bamako (1 628)
United Nations membership date	28 September 1960

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	2 655	5 486	8 838
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	-3.3	6.1	4.4
GDP per capita (current US\$)	252.4	463.7	679.4
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	249.2	445.6	659.4
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	18.9	15.4	19.8
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	704.95	556.04	455.34
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-255	-438	-1 066 ^b
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^c	100	112	126 ^b
Industrial production index (2005=100) ^d	91 ^e	100	127
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	87	124	159
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	94	128	184
Unemployment (% of labour force)	...	8.8 ^f	...
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	...	16.5 ^{fg}	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	...	41.5 ^{fg}	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	35.9	36.7	37.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	68.2	67.5	67.0
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^{hi}	86	143	190 ^b
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	20 ^j	22 ^j	24 ^{bj}
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.5	7.1	34.8
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.5	1.9

Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^b	(% of exports) ^b		(% of imports) ^b
Exports	1 918.3	South Africa 72.5	Senegal 17.2
Imports	3 338.9	Senegal 6.8	France 13.9
		Côte d'Ivoire 2.6	Côte d'Ivoire 10.4

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	4.4
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.1
Urban population (%)	2010	35.9
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010	44.1
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010	4.1/3.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010	97.6
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	50.9/49.5
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	99.6
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	5.2
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009	8.2
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^k	mid-2010	162.7/1.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009	15 244
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010	4.4
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010	60.0/76.5
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010	28.9
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	10.2

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	29
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	10.4
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	579/0.0
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	18.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)		991
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)		21.3/35.0

a Official rate. **b** 2008. **c** Bamako. **d** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev. 3. **e** 2002. **f** 2004. **g** Household or labour force survey. **h** Air arrivals. **i** Arrivals of non-resident tourists in hotels and similar establishments. **j** UNSD estimate. **k** Includes refugees.

Mauritania

Region	Western Africa
Currency	Ouguiya (MRO)
Surface area (square kilometres)	1 025 520
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	3 291
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	3.2
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Nouakchott (709)
United Nations membership date	27 October 1961

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 075	1 743	2 850
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	1.9	5.4	-1.1
GDP per capita (current US\$)	412.9	583.8	866.1
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	416.6	640.2	934.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	22.4	69.2	24.9
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	252.30	270.61	261.99
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	139	170 ^b
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	100	112	115
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	100	112	115
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	55.6	57.6	59.0
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	81.5	81.3	81.0
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	30	...	...
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	0	603 ^b
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.3	26.4	68.6
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	0.7	2.3

Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^b	(% of exports) ^b		(% of imports) ^b
Exports	1 627.1	France 16.3	France 16.3
Imports	1 637.6	Germany 8.2	Russian Federation 11.2
		China 7.8	Netherlands 7.7

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.1
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.9
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.5
Urban population (%)	2010	41.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010	39.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010	5.2/3.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010	102.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	60.3/56.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	68.8
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	4.1
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) ^c	2006-2009	9.3
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^{de}	mid-2010	99.2/3.0
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009	38 926
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP) ^f	2005-2010	4.0
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^f	2005-2010	66.7/65.0
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010	25.7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	22.1

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	58
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	<
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	1 949/0.6
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	189.0

a Market rate. **b** 2008. **c** Adjusted. **d** Data refer to foreign citizens. **e** Includes refugees. **f** UNESCO estimate.

Mozambique

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	(new) Metical (MZN) ^a		
Surface area (square kilometres)	801 590		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	22 894		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	28.6		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Maputo (1 589)		
United Nations membership date	16 September 1975		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	4 310	6 579	9 579
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	1.5	8.4	4.3
GDP per capita (current US\$)	236.2	315.8	418.4
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	218.9	286.6	381.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	31.0	18.7	21.1
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^b	17.14	24.18	29.19
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-764	-761	-1 171
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	173	255
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	95	119	122
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	96	108	102
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	86.0	85.3	84.8
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	87.4	87.2	86.9
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	...	578 ^c	2 224
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	777	3 245	4 112 ^d
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.8	7.6	26.4
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.9	2.7
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
	(million US\$)	(% of exports)	(% of imports)
Exports	2 147.2	Netherlands 41.6	South Africa 35.4
Imports	3 764.2	South Africa 21.4	Netherlands 13.0
		China 3.5	India 6.5
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.1
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.8
Urban population (%)	2010		38.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		43.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.6/4.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		94.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		49.4/48.8
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		76.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		4.6
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		16.5 ^e
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^f	mid-2010		450.0/1.9
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		7 723
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		5.0
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		76.0/86.1
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		33.1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		39.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		209
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		50.2
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		2 598/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		75.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			814
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			18.6/27.2

^a Beginning 1 July 2006, 1 new Metical (MZN) = 1000 old Meticais (MZM). ^b Principal rate. ^c Data correspond to only 12 border posts. ^d 2008. ^e 2004. ^f Includes refugees.

Myanmar

Region	South-eastern Asia		
Currency	Kyat (MMK)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	676 578		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	50 020		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	73.9		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Nay Pyi Taw (992)		
United Nations membership date	19 April 1948		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	7 275	11 931	18 989
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	13.8	13.6	4.8
GDP per capita (current US\$)	156.1	246.8	379.6
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	156.1	246.8	379.6
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	11.8	12.7	15.4
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	6.53	5.95	5.43
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-212	588	802 ^b
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	297	610 ^c
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	99	143	161
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	99	145	163
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	67.2	64.5	63.1
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	87.8	86.0	85.1
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^d	208	232	243
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	6 839	14 361	13 883 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.6	1.3	2.1
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	< ^e	0.1	0.2
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.0
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		-0.1
Urban population (%)	2010		33.7
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		26.6
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		8.7/7.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		95.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		66.8/62.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		63.4
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		2.2
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		37.0 ^f
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^g	mid-2010		88.7/0.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		790 861
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		1.3 ^f
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		77.1/78.0
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		57.9
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		249
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		49.6
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		13 179/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		110.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres) ^h			2 681
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum) ^h			22.6/32.3

a Official rate. **b** 2006. **c** 2008. **d** Includes tourist arrivals through border entry points to Yangon. **e** 2003. **f** 2001. **g** Data refer to foreign citizens. **h** Yangon.

Nepal

Region	South-central Asia		
Currency	Nepalese Rupee (NPR)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	147 181		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	29 331		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	199.3		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Kathmandu (990)		
United Nations membership date	14 December 1955		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	5 730	8 259	12 784
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	6.1	3.1	6.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	234.6	303.4	435.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	234.4	304.2	441.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	19.6	19.9	21.3
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	74.30	74.05	74.65
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-299	1	-256
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	123	175
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	100	117	130
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	100	117	130
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	13.4 ^{bcd}	...	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	65.7 ^{bcd}	...	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	60.0	61.7	63.3
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	81.4	80.6	80.3
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^f	464	375	510
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	152	231	271 ^g
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.1	2.6	21.9
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	0.8	2.0
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(of exports)		(of imports)
Exports	886.0	India	56.8
Imports	3 754.4	United States	11.2
		Bangladesh	3.0
		India	63.5
		China	7.1
		Saudi Arabia	6.9
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.7
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.0
Urban population (%)	2010		18.6
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		35.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		6.7/5.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.6
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		69.0/67.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		35.8
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		2.7
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		48.0
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^h	mid-2010		945.9/3.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		909 916
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		4.0
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		67.5/81.9 ⁱ
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		39.7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		33.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		93
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		25.4
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		3 422/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		45.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 425
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			11.7/24.8

a Official rate. **b** 2001. **c** June. **d** Population census. **e** Age group 10 years and over. **f** Includes arrivals from India. **g** 2008. **h** Includes refugees. **i** 2002.

Niger

Region	Western Africa		
Currency	CFA Franc (XOF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	1 267 000		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	15 290		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	12.1		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Niamey (1 004)		
United Nations membership date	20 September 1960		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 727	3 369	5 244
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	-2.6	8.4	-0.9
GDP per capita (current US\$)	156.6	257.1	343.0
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	155.1	256.4	341.6
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	15.1	21.6	29.1
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	704.95	556.04	455.34
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-104	-312	-651 ^b
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^c	100	114	132
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	93	130	183
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	93	130	184
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	38.1	38.9	38.9
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	88.1	87.6	87.5
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	50	60	73 ^b
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	87	100	100 ^b
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	2.7	17.4
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	<	0.2	0.8
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^b	(% of exports) ^b		(% of imports) ^b
Exports	503.1	France 33.3	France 13.2
Imports	1 247.5	United States 17.6	China 12.6
		Nigeria 11.8	United States 7.6
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.7
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.5
Urban population (%)	2010		17.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		50.1
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		3.7/3.3
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		100.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		54.8/52.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		81.4
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		6.9
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		11.2
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^d	mid-2010		202.2/1.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		357
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		4.5
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		33.1/44.0
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		29.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		9.7
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		26
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		1.0
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		909/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		20.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			541
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			22.4/36.2

a Official rate. **b** 2008. **c** Niamey. **d** Includes refugees.

Rwanda

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	Rwanda Franc (RWF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	26 338		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	9 998		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	379.6		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Kigali (909)		
United Nations membership date	18 September 1962		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 772	2 581	5 265
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	6.3	9.3	6.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	222.6	287.1	526.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	216.1	284.1	521.2
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	14.2	15.8	21.6
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	430.49	553.72	571.24
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-94	-84	-379
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100	138	211
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	103	124	134
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	103	125	134
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	85.6	85.7	86.7
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	86.4	84.5	85.1
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	104	...	699 ^c
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	11	6	7 ^d
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.7	2.7	24.6
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.6	4.5
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	211.9	Kenya 15.1	Kenya 17.3
Imports	1 257.6	Belgium 13.7	Uganda 13.2
		Sudan 13.6	United Rep. Tanzania 7.5
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.4
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.3
Urban population (%)	2010		18.9
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		42.4
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		4.4/3.2
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		94.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		53.9/50.0
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		92.4
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.1
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		36.4
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^e	mid-2010		465.5/4.5
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		74 894
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		4.9
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		93.4/93.1
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		43.5
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		56.3
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		55
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		16.8
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		714/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		18.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 028

a Official rate. b Kigali. c Visitors. d 2008. e Includes refugees.

Samoa

Region	Oceania-Polynesia		
Currency	Tala (WST)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	2 842		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	179		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	62.9		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Apia (36)		
United Nations membership date	15 December 1976		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	231	435	523
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	7.1	5.4	-1.8
GDP per capita (current US\$)	1 308.4	2 432.9	2 925.8
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	1 308.5	2 297.9	2 838.3
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	13.9	10.2	9.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	3.34	2.76	2.49
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-19 ^b	-25	-1
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	133	162 ^c
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	100	110	113
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	100	110	113
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	40.8	38.7	37.9
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	79.3	76.9	75.4
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	88	102	129
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	4	4	5 ^{cd}
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	6.3	24.3	102.3
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.6	3.4	5.0
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	46.0	Australia 68.9	New Zealand 29.1
Imports	230.5	New Zealand 18.3	Australia 23.6
		American Samoa 6.3	United States 13.2
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.3
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.3
Urban population (%)	2010		20.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		38.7
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		8.0/5.8
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		108.8
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		76.0/69.8
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		19.5
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.5
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) ^e	2006-2009		24.5 ^f
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010		9.0/5.0
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		5.8
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		89.5/85.6
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ^g	2005-2010		44.4 ^h
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		8.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		78
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		60.4
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		161/0.8
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		326.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			2 965
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			23.5/30.2

a Official rate. **b** 1999. **c** 2008. **d** UNSD estimate. **e** All women of reproductive age, irrespective of marital status. **f** 1998. **g** UNESCO estimate. **h** 2001.

Sao Tome and Principe

Region	Middle Africa		
Currency	Dobra (STD)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	964		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	163		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	168.8		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	São Tomé (60)		
United Nations membership date	16 September 1975		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	77	131	212
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	0.5	4.2	4.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	547.4	861.4	1 301.6
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	500.2	837.7	1 331.4
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	35.8	34.1	65.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	8 610.65	11 929.70	16 814.50
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-20	-36	-79
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	321 ^c	561	1 264
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	99	102	111
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	99	102	111
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	19.2 ^{de}	...	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	27.9 ^{de}	...	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	41.5	43.1	44.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	73.8	75.5	76.0
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	7	16	15
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	1	0	1 ^{fg}
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	3.3 ^h	12.5	44.1
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	4.6	13.8	16.4
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	8.1	Portugal 25.9	Portugal 56.5
Imports	103.3	Angola 23.5	Angola 14.7
		Netherlands 21.0	Brazil 10.4
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.8
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		-0.4
Urban population (%)	2010		62.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		40.3
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.9/4.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.1
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		68.6/64.6
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		68.0
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.4
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		29.3 ⁱ
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^j	mid-2010		5.3/3.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		0 ^k
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		96.4/96.0
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		48.8
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		18.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		70
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		28.1
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		128/0.8
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		275.0

a Official rate. **b** Index base 1996=100. **c** 10 months' average. **d** Age group 10 years and over. **e** Household or labour force survey. **f** 2008. **g** UNSD estimate. **h** Main telephone lines only. **i** 2000. **j** Data refer to foreign citizens. **k** Value is zero, not available or not applicable.

Senegal

Region	Western Africa
Currency	CFA Franc (XOF)
Surface area (square kilometres)	196 722
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	12 534
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	63.7
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Dakar (2 777)
United Nations membership date	28 September 1960

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	4 680	8 708	12 756
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	3.2	5.6	2.2
GDP per capita (current US\$)	472.6	771.9	1 017.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	468.6	767.1	1 001.5
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	22.4	23.3	23.7
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	704.95	556.04	455.34
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-332	-676	-1 884 ^b
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^c	100	108	122
Industrial production index (2005=100) ^d	85 ^e	100	100
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	102	101	129
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	102	101	130
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^f	...	11.1 ^g	...
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	...	...	14.8 ^{gh}
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	...	...	33.7 ^{gh}
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	62.8	63.8	64.8
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	89.2	88.8	88.6
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	389 ⁱ	769	875 ^j
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	2	13	10 ^b
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	4.6	17.7	57.3
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.4	4.8	14.5

Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	2 017.4	Mali 20.6	France 20.3
Imports	4 712.9	Switzerland 7.8	Nigeria 8.8
		India 7.7	China 8.3

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	3.3
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.8
Urban population (%)	2010	42.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010	43.3
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010	4.1/3.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010	98.3
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	58.8/55.5
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	55.7
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	4.5
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009	11.8 ^k
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^l	mid-2010	210.1/1.6
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009	24 947
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010	5.8
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010	55.5/58.1
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010	37.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	22.7

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	82
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	44.4
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	5 474/0.5
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	90.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)		514
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)		21.7/27.6

a Official rate. **b** 2008. **c** Dakar. **d** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev. 3. **e** 2002. **f** Household survey. **g** 2006. **h** Household or labour force survey. **i** Arrivals of non-resident tourists in hotels and similar establishments. **j** 2007. **k** 2005. **l** Includes refugees.

Sierra Leone

Region	Western Africa		
Currency	Leone (SLL)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	71 740		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	5 696		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	79.4		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Freetown (875)		
United Nations membership date	27 September 1961		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	926	1 491	2 237
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	3.8	7.5	4.4
GDP per capita (current US\$)	218.9	291.9	392.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	217.2	281.9	377.5
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	8.0	8.3	6.2
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	1 666.67	2 932.52	3 855.68
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-112	-171	-290
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100 ^c	132	199
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	92	170	200
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	92	173	204
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^{defg}	...	2.8 ^h	...
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	...	6.5 ^{defh}	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	...	68.5 ^{defh}	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	67.8	66.2	65.4
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	67.8	67.3	67.5
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ⁱ	16	40	36 ^j
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	1	2	2 ^k
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.7	0.5 ^l	20.9
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	0.2	0.3
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^m	(of exports) ^m		(of imports) ^m
Exports	153.6	... Côte d'Ivoire	17.6
Imports	341.1	... Senegal	5.7
		... China	5.5
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.3
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.4
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.7
Urban population (%)	2010		38.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		43.5
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		3.5/3.4
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		95.1
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		50.3/47.6
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		99.0
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.0
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		8.2
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ⁿ	mid-2010		106.8/1.8
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		9 489
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		4.3
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		93.3/111.1
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ^o	2005-2010		28.8 ^p
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		13.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		131
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		38.6
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		1 312/0.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		57.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			2 946
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			23.8/29.9

a Market rate. **b** Index base 2003=100. **c** 2003. **d** December. **e** Population census. **f** Age group 10 years and over. **g** Refers to the usually active population. **h** 2004. **i** Air arrivals. **j** 2008. **k** UNSD estimate. **l** Main telephone lines only. **m** 2005. **n** Includes refugees. **o** UNESCO estimate. **p** 2002.

Solomon Islands

Region	Oceania-Melanesia		
Currency	S.I. Dollar (SBD)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	28 896		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	523		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	18.1		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Honiara (72)		
United Nations membership date	19 September 1978		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	338	414	715
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	-14.2	5.4	-2.2
GDP per capita (current US\$)	813.8	873.7	1 365.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	814.6	877.1	1 313.1
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	18.3	12.5	12.7
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	5.10	7.58	8.06
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-41	-90	-208
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^b	100	149	209 ^c
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	102	117	119
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	102	117	119
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	24.0	24.2	24.2
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	48.6	49.7	50.0
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	5	9 ^d	16 ^c
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	0	0 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	2.1	2.8	7.3
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.5	0.8	1.9
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^a	(% of exports) ^e		(% of imports) ^e
Exports	158.5	China 46.6	Australia 31.2
Imports	285.0	Thailand 7.2	Singapore 27.1
		Philippines 7.1	Japan 8.2
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.3
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.7
Urban population (%)	2010		18.6
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		38.6
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.1/4.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		107.3
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		69.1/66.8
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		36.6
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.5
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		34.6
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010		7.0/1.3
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP) ^f	2005-2010		2.3 ^g
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		68.5/72.9
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		0.0
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		220
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		79.5
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		198/0.4
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		123.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres) ^h			3 290
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum) ^h			23.2/30.1

a Official rate. **b** Honiara. **c** 2008. **d** Excludes 1st quarter. **e** 2007. **f** UNESCO estimate. **g** 1999. **h** Auki.

Somalia

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	Somali Shilling (SOS)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	637 657		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	9 133		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	14.3		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Mogadishu (1 353)		
United Nations membership date	20 September 1960		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	2 052	2 316	2 012
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	3.0	3.0	2.6
GDP per capita (current US\$)	277.5	277.2	220.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	266.3	266.0	211.4
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	20.4	20.3	20.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	10 460.00	15 141.00	31 900.00
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	101	108	104
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	101	108	104
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	58.4	57.1	56.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	84.7	84.6	84.7
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	1 ^b	1 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.4	7.2	8.1
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	1.1	1.2
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.1
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.9
Urban population (%)	2010		37.5
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		44.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		4.7/4.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		53.0/50.0
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		101.2
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		6.2
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		14.6
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^{de}	mid-2010		22.8/0.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		1 576 544
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^f	2005-2010		15.0/28.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		6.8
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		128
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		11.0
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		601/0.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		22.0

a UN operational exchange rate. **b** UNSD estimate. **c** 2008. **d** Estimates. **e** Includes refugees. **f** UNESCO estimate.

Sudan

Region	Northern Africa		
Currency	Sudanese Pound (SDG) ^a		
Surface area (square kilometres)	2 505 813		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	42 272		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	16.9		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Khartoum (5 021)		
United Nations membership date	12 November 1956		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	13 092	35 183	55 186
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	8.4	6.1	4.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	375.1	909.2	1 305.5
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	358.7	874.4	1 200.6
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	9.7	20.7	19.2
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^b	2.57	2.31	2.24
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-557	-3 013	-3 908
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	97	116	118
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	97	116	119
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	28.9	30.1	30.8
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	75.1	74.5	73.9
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	38	246 ^c	420 ^c
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	8 959	15 357	23 991 ^d
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.2	6.2	37.2
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	<	1.3	10.2 ^d
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	9 079.5	China 65.3	China 16.6
Imports	8 589.9	United Arab Emirates 10.5	Japan 9.5
		Canada 8.8	Saudi Arabia 7.6
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.0
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.7
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.7
Urban population (%)	2010		40.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		38.7
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		6.2/5.3
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		101.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		61.4/58.3
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		61.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.7
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		7.6
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^e	mid-2010		753.5/1.7
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		1 426 412
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		55.2/61.7
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ^f	2005-2010		47.2 ^g
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		25.6
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		112
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		29.5
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		11 512/0.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		96.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			162
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			22.7/37.1

a Beginning 1 July 2007, 1 new Sudanese Pound (SDG) = 100 dinars (SDD). **b** Principal rate. **c** Includes nationals residing abroad. **d** 2008. **e** Includes refugees. **f** UNESCO estimate. **g** 2000.

Timor-Leste

Region	South-eastern Asia		
Currency	U.S. Dollar (USD)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	14 874		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	1 134		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	76.2		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Dili (166)		
United Nations membership date	27 September 2002		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	316	350	673
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	13.7	2.3	7.4
GDP per capita (current US\$)	387.8	352.9	593.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	396.4	700.9	1 939.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	37.6	20.7	24.0
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	102	108	107
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	102	112	110
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	56.0	58.7	58.9
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	80.1	82.4	82.8
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	...	7 394 ^a	7 445 ^{ab}
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	...	3.6	29.3
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	...	0.1	0.2
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^c	(% of exports) ^c		(% of imports) ^c
Exports	43.5	Australia 53.6	Indonesia 47.0
Imports	101.6	United States 23.9	Singapore 14.6
		Germany 3.9	Australia 13.9
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		5.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.7
Urban population (%)	2010		28.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		44.7
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.2/4.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		103.7
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		64.2/62.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		56.3
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		6.0
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		10.0 ^d
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010		13.8/1.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		11
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		16.8
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		78.2/82.5
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		40.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		29.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		18
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		51.4
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		183/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		58.0

a UNSD estimate. **b** 2008. **c** 2005. **d** 2003.

Togo

Region	Western Africa		
Currency	CFA Franc (XOF)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	56 785		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	6 619		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	116.6		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Lomé (1 593)		
United Nations membership date	20 September 1960		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 294	2 110	3 175
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	-1.0	1.2	3.3
GDP per capita (current US\$)	246.6	352.2	479.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	250.7	350.1	405.5
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	15.1	16.5	16.4
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	704.95	556.04	455.34
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-140	-204	-222 ^b
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^c	100	114	128 ^b
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	94	102	112
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	95	112	129
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	60.0	62.0	63.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	86.3	85.9	85.7
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ^d	60	81	74 ^b
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	17	6	8 ^b
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.8	8.3	35.8
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	1.9	5.0	5.4
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^e	(% of exports) ^e		(% of imports) ^e
Exports	280.0	Niger 12.7	France 19.2
Imports	787.1	Benin 10.9	China 15.8
		India 9.8	Netherlands 11.1
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.3
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.9
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.0
Urban population (%)	2010		43.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		39.5
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		6.0/5.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		98.1
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		65.7/62.3
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		65.7
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.9
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		16.8
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^f	mid-2010		185.4/2.7
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		8 965
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		4.6
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^g	2005-2010		62.6/83.1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		11.1
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		54
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		6.0
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		1 315/0.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		63.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			877
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			23.1/30.7

a Official rate. **b** 2008. **c** Lomé. **d** Arrivals of non-resident tourists in hotels and similar establishments. **e** 2007. **f** Includes refugees. **g** UNESCO estimate.

Tuvalu

Region	Oceania-Polynesia		
Currency	Australian Dollar (AUD)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	26		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	10		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	381.9		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Funafuti (5)		
United Nations membership date	5 September 2000		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	12	23	27
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %) ^a	13.4	2.0	2.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	1 285.6	2 349.9	2 749.0
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	1 285.6	2 349.9	2 749.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	52.0	8.1	8.2
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^b	1.80	1.37	1.11
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) ^c	100	117	122 ^d
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	98	111	114
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	98	111	114
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^{ef}	6.5 ^g	...	...
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	1	1	1 ^d
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	6.9 ^h	22.4	37.3
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	5.2	...	...
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ⁱ	(% of exports) ⁱ		(% of imports) ⁱ
Exports	0.1	Fiji	23.8
Imports	26.5	... Australia	18.1
		... New Zealand	17.4
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %) ^j	2010-2015		0.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.4
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		-0.6
Urban population (%)	2010		50.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%) ^{jk}	2010		32.0
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) ^{jk}	2010		9.7/6.9
Sex ratio (males per 100 females) ^l	2010		99.1
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) ^l	2010-2015		65.1/61.7 ^m
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) ^l	2010-2015		17.3 ⁿ
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) ^l	2010-2015		3.7 ^o
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		30.5
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^p	mid-2010		0.2/1.5
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^q	2005-2010		96.9/86.3 ^r
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		0.0
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		85
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		33.3

a At factor cost. **b** UN operational exchange rate. **c** Funafuti. **d** 2007. **e** Population census. **f** November. **g** 2002. **h** Main telephone lines only. **i** 2008. **j** Data compiled by the United Nations Demographic Yearbook system. **k** Data refer to the latest available census. **l** Published by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community. **m** 1997-2002. **n** 2006-2008. **o** 2002-2007. **p** Data refer to foreign citizens. **q** National estimate. **r** 2001.

Uganda

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	Ugandan Shilling (UGX)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	241 550		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	32 710		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	135.4		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Kampala (1 535)		
United Nations membership date	25 October 1962		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	6 341	10 040	17 110
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	4.4	10.0	7.1
GDP per capita (current US\$)	259.5	349.8	523.1
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	255.0	341.0	511.9
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	17.8	21.3	21.1
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	1 766.68	1 816.86	1 903.52
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-825	-26	-451
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	124	179
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	98	105	111
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	99	106	111
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^b	...	3.2 ^c	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	...	68.7 ^{bcd}	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	79.0	78.7	78.4
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	91.1	90.9	90.6
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	193	468	817
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	136	156	126 ^e
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.8	4.9	29.4
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	1.7	9.8
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^e	(% of exports) ^e		(% of imports) ^e
Exports	1 724.3	Sudan 14.3	United Arab Emirates 11.4
Imports	4 525.9	Kenya 9.5	Kenya 11.3
		Switzerland 9.0	India 10.4
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.8
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		3.0
Urban population (%)	2010		13.3
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		48.7
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		4.3/3.4
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		100.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		56.4/54.6
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		66.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.9
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		23.7
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^f	mid-2010		646.6/1.9
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		992 984 ^g
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		3.2
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) ^h	2005-2010		82.8/83.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		44.3
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		31.5
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010	166	
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	16.1	
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	3 202/0.1	
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	39.0	
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)	1 180		
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)	17.3/26.7		

a Principal rate. **b** Age group 10 years and over. **c** 2003. **d** Household or labour force survey. **e** 2008. **f** Includes refugees. **g** The internally displaced person (IDP) figure at the end of 2009 represents the remaining IDP population in camps and transit sites. They remain of concern to UNHCR together with the 408,000 who have already returned to their villages. **h** UNESCO estimate.

United Republic of Tanzania

Region	Eastern Africa		
Currency	Tanzanian Shilling (TZS)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	945 087		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	43 739		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	46.3		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Dodoma (200)		
United Nations membership date	14 December 1961		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	10 186	14 142	22 351
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	4.9	7.4	6.2
GDP per capita (current US\$)	306.7	372.8	525.6
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	304.2	367.9	524.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	16.4	24.7	27.2
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	803.26	1 165.51	1 326.83
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-428	-1 116	-1 816
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	127	181
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	94	131	140
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	95	128	139
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^b	5.1 ^{cd}	4.3 ^e	...
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	2.6 ^{bcdg}	...	5.0 ^{bdefg}
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) ^{bdfg}	82.1 ^c	...	74.6 ^e
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	87.0	86.6	86.3
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	90.8	90.6	90.6
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	459	590	714
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	240	534	802 ^h
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	0.8	9.1	40.3
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	1.0	1.6
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)
Exports	2 982.4	Switzerland 19.6	India 11.8
Imports	6 530.8	China 13.0	China 10.6
		Kenya 6.5	South Africa 10.5
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.9
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.7
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.2
Urban population (%)	2010		26.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		44.7
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.3/4.4
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		99.5
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		59.1/57.4
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		55.2
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		5.3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009		26.4 ⁱ
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^j	mid-2010		659.2/1.5
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		274 626
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		6.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010		32.3
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) ^k	2010		30.7
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		691
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		38.7
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		6 038/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		53.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			484
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			16.6/28.6

a Official rate. **b** Age group 10 years and over. **c** 2001. **d** March. **e** 2006. **f** Mainland excludes Zanzibar. **g** Household or labour force survey. **h** 2008. **i** 2005. **j** Includes refugees. **k** As of 30 September 2010.

Vanuatu

Region	Oceania-Melanesia		
Currency	Vatu (VUV)		
Surface area (square kilometres)	12 189		
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	240		
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	19.7		
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Port Vila (44)		
United Nations membership date	15 September 1981		
Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	281	406	644
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	5.8	5.1	5.6
GDP per capita (current US\$)	1 480.0	1 877.8	2 687.4
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	1 220.5	1 587.9	2 367.7
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	23.8	19.1	26.1
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	142.81	112.33	97.93
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-14	-53	-54 ^b
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	112	124 ^c
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	97	107	108
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	97	107	108
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	79.0	79.4	79.3
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	88.0	88.4	88.3
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	58	62	91 ^c
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	0	0	0 ^c
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	3.7	9.1	55.7
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	2.1	5.1	7.1
Total trade	Major trading partners		2009
(million US\$) ^b	(% of exports) ^b		(% of imports) ^b
Exports	29.9	Philippines 14.0	Australia 31.1
Imports	201.7	New Caledonia 9.7	New Zealand 16.8
		Fiji 6.7	Singapore 12.4
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		2.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		4.2
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.7
Urban population (%)	2010		25.6
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010		38.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010		5.4/5.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010		104.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015		73.6/69.6
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015		23.5
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015		3.6
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) ^d	2006-2009		39.0 ^e
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2010		0.8/0.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009		4
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010		4.8
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010		75.8/79.9 ^f
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ^g	2005-2010		36.1 ^f
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010		3.9
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species	2010		121
Forested area (% of land area)	2008		36.1
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007		103/0.5
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008		134.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			2 222
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)			21.5/28.2

a Official rate. **b** 2007. **c** 2008. **d** Includes prolonged abstinence. **e** 1995. **f** 2004. **g** UNESCO estimate.

Yemen

Region	Western Asia
Currency	Yemini Rial (YER)
Surface area (square kilometres)	527 968
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	23 580
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	44.7
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Sana'a' (2 229)
United Nations membership date	30 September 1947

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	10 039	17 872	26 903
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	7.6	5.9	3.9
GDP per capita (current US\$)	552.2	850.1	1 140.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	513.3	776.7	1 061.1
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	16.7	19.1	17.2
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	165.59	195.08	207.32
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	1 337	624	-2 565
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	174	249 ^b
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	99	113	144
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	99	112	144
Unemployment (% of labour force)	11.5 ^c	15.7 ^d	15.0 ^b
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	17.2	18.5	19.9
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	73.3	73.1	73.5
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	73	336	434
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	21 423	19 882	14 832 ^b
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	2.1	15.1	39.5
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.1	1.1	10.0

Total trade		Major trading partners		2009	
	(million US\$)		(% of exports)	(% of imports)	
Exports	6 259.0	China	25.2	United Arab Emirates	9.9
Imports	9 184.8	India	20.1	China	9.3
		Thailand	18.4	United States	6.4

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	4.6
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.8
Urban population (%)	2010	31.8
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010	43.3
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010	4.2/3.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010	102.2
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	66.7/63.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	49.1
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	4.7
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009	27.7
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ^e	mid-2010	517.9/2.1
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009	422 220
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010	5.2
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010	53.6/81.7
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	2005-2010	28.7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	0.3

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	269
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	1.0
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	21 958/1.0
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	287.0

a Official rate. b 2008. c 1999. d 2006. e Includes refugees.

Zambia

Region	Eastern Africa
Currency	Kwacha (ZMK)
Surface area (square kilometres)	752 612
Population in 2009 (estimated, 000)	12 935
Population density in 2009 (per square kilometre)	17.2
Capital city and population in 2009 (000)	Lusaka (1 413)
United Nations membership date	1 December 1964

Economic indicators	2000	2005	2009
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	3 239	7 271	12 748
GDP: Growth rate at constant 1990 prices (annual %)	3.6	5.2	3.4
GDP per capita (current US\$)	309.4	619.5	985.5
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	294.4	576.0	881.1
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	17.2	27.2	22.7
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) ^a	4 157.83	3 508.98	4 640.56
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-611	-728	-703
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	100	251	387
Industrial production index (2005=100) ^b	78 ^c	100	131
Agricultural production index (1999-2001=100)	98	127	144
Food production index (1999-2001=100)	100	113	135
Unemployment (% of labour force) ^{de}	12.9 ^f	...	...
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	5.8 ^{def}	...	...
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	71.6 ^{defg}	...	...
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	62.1	60.6	59.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	78.6	78.6	79.2
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	457	669	812 ^h
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	781	852	832 ^h
Telephone subscribers, total (per 100 inhabitants)	1.7	8.9	34.8
Internet users (per 100 inhabitants)	0.2	2.9	6.3

Total trade	Major trading partners			2009
(million US\$)	(% of exports)		(% of imports)	
Exports	4 312.1	Switzerland 47.0	South Africa	40.0
Imports	3 792.6	China 11.2	Dem. Rep. of Congo	12.8
		South Africa 9.2	Kuwait	10.6

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	3.2
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	2.0
Urban population (%)	2010	35.7
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2010	46.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2010	5.2/4.4
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2010	99.6
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	50.0/48.7
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	78.4
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	5.3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2006-2009	40.8
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) ⁱ	mid-2010	233.1/1.8
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	end-2009	56 863
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2005-2010	1.3
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2005-2010	87.5/91.3
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) ^j	2005-2010	31.6 ^k
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2010	14.0

Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2010	67
Forested area (% of land area)	2008	67.0
CO ₂ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2007	2 689/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2008	106.0
Rainfall in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)		843
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)		14.9/26.4

a Official rate. **b** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev. 3. **c** 2002. **d** Population census. **e** Age group 12 years and over. **f** October. **g** Refers to the usually active population. **h** 2008. **i** Includes refugees. **j** UNESCO estimate. **k** 2000.

Technical notes

Below are brief descriptions of the indicators presented in the country profiles. The terms are arranged in alphabetical order. Numbers in square brackets refer to the primary sources of the data which are listed in the Statistical sources and references section.

Agricultural production index: The indices are calculated by the Laspeyres formula based on the sum of price-weighted quantities of different agricultural commodities produced. The commodities covered in the computation of indices of agricultural production are all crops and livestock products originating in each country. Practically all products are covered, with the main exception of fodder crops. Production quantities of each commodity are weighted by the average international commodity prices in the base period and summed for each year. To obtain the index, the aggregate for a given year is divided by the average aggregate for the base period 1999-2001. Indices are calculated without any deductions for feed and seed and are referred to as “gross” by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

Source of the data: FAOSTAT database [2] of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, available at <http://faostat.fao.org/site/612/default.aspx#ancor> (last accessed 28 September 2010).

Balance of payments is a statement summarizing the economic transactions between the residents of a country and non-residents during a specific period, usually a year. It includes transactions in goods, services, income, transfers and financial assets and liabilities. Generally, the balance of payments is divided into two major components: the current account and the capital and financial account. The data on balance of payments presented in the *World Statistics Pocketbook* correspond to the current account category. The current account is a record of all transactions in the balance of payments covering the exports and imports of goods and services, payments of income, and current transfers between residents of a country and non-residents.

Source of the data: International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics* [5], available at <http://www.imfstatistics.org/imf/> (last accessed 5 November 2010).

Capital city: The designation of any specific city as a capital city is done solely on the basis of the designation as reported by the country or area. The city can be the seat of the government as

Technical notes (continued)

determined by the country. Some countries designate more than one city to be a capital city with a specific title function (e.g., administrative and/or legislative capital). The data refer to the year 2009.

Source of the data: The United Nations Population Division, *World Urbanization Prospects: The 2009 Revision* [13] available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wup/CD-ROM_2009/WUP2009-F13-Capital_Cities.xls (last accessed 11 January 2011).

CO₂ emission estimates represent the volume of CO₂ (carbon dioxide) produced during the combustion of solid, liquid, and gaseous fuels, and from gas flaring and the manufacture of cement. Original data were converted to CO₂ emissions by using the conversion formula: 1 gram Carbon = 3.664 grams CO₂, as per <http://cdiac.ornl.gov/pns/convert.html#3>.

Source of the data: Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center [1], available at http://cdiac.ornl.gov/ftp/ndp030/CSV-FILES/nation.1751_2007.csv (last accessed 26 August 2010).

Contraceptive prevalence refers to the percentage of women married or in-union aged 15 to 49 who are currently using, or whose sexual partner is using, at least one method of contraception, regardless of the method used. Contraceptive methods include modern methods such as sterilization, oral hormonal pills, the intra-uterine device, the condom, injectables, the implant, vaginal barrier methods and emergency contraception and traditional methods such as the rhythm, withdrawal, lactational amenorrhea method and folk methods. The data contain the most recent estimates of contraceptive prevalence between the years 2006 and 2009 available as of March 2010.

Source of the data: *2010 Update for the MDG Database: Contraceptive Prevalence* [10], available at http://www.un.org/esa/population/publications/2010_MDGData base/2010_Update_MDG_CP.xls (last accessed 18 August 2010) and produced by the United Nations Population Division using data from nationally representative surveys including the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), the Fertility and Family Surveys (FFS), the CDC-assisted Reproductive Health Surveys (RHS), the Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) and national family planning, or health, or household, or socio-economic surveys.

CPI: Consumer price index measures changes over time in the general level of prices of goods and services that a reference population acquires, uses or pays for consumption. A consumer price index is estimated as a series of summary measures of the period-to-period proportional change in the prices of a fixed set of consumer goods and services of constant quantity and characteristics, acquired, used or paid for by the reference population. Each summary measure is constructed as a weighted average of a large number of elementary aggregate indices. Each of the elementary aggregate indices is estimated using a sample of prices for a defined set of goods and services obtained in, or by residents of, a specific region from a given set of outlets or other sources of consumption goods and services. Unless otherwise noted, the indices here generally refer to “all items” and to the country as a whole.

Source of the data: LABORSTA Internet [4], an International Labour Organization database, Table 7A: Consumer prices, general indices, at <http://laborsta.ilo.org> (last accessed 7 February 2011).

Currency refers to those notes and coins in circulation that are commonly used to make payments. The official currency names and the ISO currency codes are those officially in use, and may be subject to change.

Source of the information: United Nations Treasury’s [22] website at <http://www.un.org/Depts/treasury/> as of 1 October 2010.

Deaths by assault: The rates are the annual number of deaths purposely inflicted by other persons, reported by sex for the year per 100 000 corresponding mid-year population. The data refer to the latest available year between 2005 and 2008.

Source of the data: United Nations Statistics Division’s *Demographic Yearbook 2008* [16], Table 20: Death and death rates by cause and sex, classified under External causes, assaults. See also <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/dyb2008.htm>.

Education: Female third-level students percentages are the number of female students at the third-level of education expressed as a percentage of the total number of students (males and females) at the same level in a given school year. Third-level education is that which is provided at university, teachers’ college, higher professional school, and which requires, as a minimum condition of admission, the successful completion of education at the second

level, or evidence of the attainment of an equivalent level of knowledge. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the latest available year between 2005 and 2010.

Source of the data: the website of the UNESCO Institute of Statistics [8], Table 14: Tertiary indicators, available at <http://stats.uis.unesco.org/unesco/TableView/tableView.aspx?ReportId=167> (October 2010 release).

Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP): Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the latest available year between 2005 and 2010. They show the trends in general government expenditures for educational affairs and services at pre-primary, primary, secondary and tertiary levels and subsidiary services to education expressed as a percentage of the gross domestic product.

Source of the data: the website of UNESCO Institute for Statistics [8], Table 19: Finance indicators by ISCED level, available at <http://stats.uis.unesco.org/unesco/TableView/tableView.aspx?ReportId=172> (October 2010 release).

Education: Primary and secondary gross enrolment ratio is the total enrolment in first and second levels of education, regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the eligible official school-age population corresponding to the same level of education in a given school year. Education at the first level provides the basic elements of education (e.g. at elementary school or primary school). Education at the second level is provided at middle school, secondary school, high school, teacher-training school at this level and schools of a vocational or technical nature. Enrolment is at the beginning of the school or academic year. The gross enrolment ratio at the first and second level should include all pupils whatever their ages, whereas the population is limited to the range of official school ages. Therefore, for countries with almost universal education among the school-age population, the gross enrolment ratio will exceed 100 if the actual age distribution of pupils extends beyond the official school ages. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the latest available year between 2005 and 2010.

Source of the data: The website of the UNESCO Institute of Statistics [8], Table 5: Enrolment ratios by ISCED level, available at <http://stats.uis.unesco.org/unesco/TableView/tableView.aspx?ReportId=182> (October 2010 release).

Employment in agricultural and in industrial sectors: The “employed” comprise all persons above a specified age who, during a specified brief period, either one week or one day, were in “paid employment” or in “self-employment” as defined below. “Persons in paid employment” comprise all persons in the following categories: (a) “at work”: persons who during the reference period performed some work for wages, salary or related payments, in cash or in kind; or (b) “with a job but not at work”: persons who, having already worked in their present job, were absent during the reference period and continued to have a strong attachment to their job. “Persons in self-employment” comprise all persons (a) “at work”: persons who during the reference period performed some work for profit or family gain, in cash or in kind; or (b) “with an enterprise but not at work”: persons with an enterprise, which may be a business enterprise, a farm or a service undertaking, who were temporarily not at work during the reference period for any specific reason. Employers, own-account workers and members of producers’ co-operatives should be considered as in self-employment and should be classified as “at work” or “not at work”, as the case may be. (See ILO’s *Current International Recommendations on Labour Statistics*). Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the 15 years and over age group who perform any work at all in the reference period, for pay or profit in industry (mining, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water and construction) and agriculture. Agriculture comprises the following divisions of the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC), Rev. 4: crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities, forestry and logging, and fishing and aquaculture.

Source of the data: The Key Indicators of the Labour Market database [3], prepared by the International Labour Organization (ILO), available at <http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/strat/kilm/> (last accessed 9 November 2010).

Energy consumption per capita: Data on consumption refers to “apparent consumption”, which is derived from the formula “production + imports - exports - bunkers +/- stock changes”.

Source of the data: The Energy Statistics database of the United Nations Statistics Division (last accessed 25 March 2011) and the *Energy Statistics Yearbook* [17].

Energy production, primary, refers to the first stage of production of various forms of energy (from sources that involve only extraction or capture, with or without separation from contiguous material, cleaning or grading, before the energy embodied in that source can be converted into heat or mechanical work, converted into a common unit (metric ton of oil equivalent) (see United Nations publication *Concepts and Methods in Energy Statistics, with Special Reference to Energy Accounts and Balances*, 1982).

Source of the data: The Energy Statistics database of the United Nations Statistics Division (last accessed 25 March 2011) and the *Energy Statistics Yearbook* [17].

Exchange rates are shown in units of national currency per US dollar and refer to end-of-period quotations. The exchange rates are classified into broad categories, reflecting both the role of the authorities in the determination of the exchange and/or the multiplicity of exchange rates in a country. The market rate is used to describe exchange rates determined largely by market forces; the official rate is an exchange rate determined by the authorities, sometimes in a flexible manner. For countries maintaining multiple exchange arrangements, the rates are labelled principal rate, secondary rate, and tertiary rate.

Source of the data: The International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics* [5], available at <http://www.imfstatistics.org/imf/> (last accessed 26 October 2010). For those currencies for which the IMF does not publish exchange rates, non-commercial rates derived from the operational rates of exchange for United Nations programmes are shown, as published by the United Nations Treasury [22] at <http://www.un.org/Depts/treasury/>.

Fertility rate: The total fertility rate is a widely used summary indicator of fertility. It refers to the number of children that would be born per woman, assuming no female mortality at child bearing ages and the age-specific fertility rates of a specified country and reference period. Unless otherwise indicated the data are the five-year average for the reference period 2010-2015.

Source of the data: The Social Indicators website of the Demographic and Social Statistics Branch of the United Nations Statistics Division at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/socind/childbearing.htm> [15] (December 2010 update).

Food production index covers commodities that are considered edible and contain nutrients. Accordingly, coffee and tea are excluded because they have practically no nutritive value. The index numbers shown may differ from those produced by countries themselves because of differences in concepts of production, coverage, weights, time reference of data, and methods of evaluation. The data include estimates made by FAO in cases where no official or semi-official figures are available from the countries.

Source of the data: The FAOSTAT database [2] of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, available at <http://faostat.fao.org/site/612/default.aspx#ancor> (last accessed 28 September 2010).

Forested area refers to the percentage of land area occupied by forest. Forest is defined in the Food and Agriculture Organization's *Global Forest Resources Assessment* as land spanning more than 0.5 hectares with trees higher than 5 metres and a canopy cover of more than 10 percent, or trees able to reach these thresholds in situ. It does not include land that is predominantly under agricultural or urban land use.

Source of the data: The FAOSTAT database [2] of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, available at <http://faostat.fao.org/> (last accessed 27 September 2010).

GDP: Gross domestic product is an aggregate measure of production equal to the sum of gross value added of all resident producer units plus that part (possibly the total) of taxes on products, less subsidies on products, that is not included in the valuation of output. It is also equal to the sum of the final uses of goods and services (all uses except intermediate consumption) measured at purchasers' prices, less the value of imports of goods and services, and equal to the sum of primary incomes distributed by resident producer units (see *System of National Accounts 2008*). The data in the *World Statistics Pocketbook* are in current United States dollars and are estimates of the total production of goods and services of the countries represented in economic terms, not as a measure of the standard of living of their inhabitants. In order to have comparable coverage for as many countries as possible, these US dollar estimates are based on official GDP data in national currency, supplemented by national currency estimates prepared by the Statistics Division using additional data from national and

international sources. The estimates given here are in most cases those accepted by the United Nations General Assembly's Committee on Contributions for determining United Nations members' contributions to the United Nations regular budget. The exchange rates for the conversion of GDP national currency data into United States dollars are the average market rates published by the International Monetary Fund, in *International Financial Statistics* [5]. Official exchange rates are used only when free market rates are not available. For non-members of the Fund, the conversion rates used are the average of United Nations operational rates of exchange. It should be noted that the conversion from local currency into US dollars introduces deficiencies in comparability over time and among countries which should be considered when using the data. For example, comparability over time is distorted when exchange rate fluctuations differ substantially from domestic inflation rates.

Source of the data: The National Accounts Database (December 2010 update) compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division and *National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates* [20]. See also <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp>.

GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices is derived on the basis of constant price series in national currency. The figures are computed as the geometric mean of annual rates of growth expressed in percentages for the years indicated.

Source of the data: The National Accounts Database, available at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp> (December 2010 update), compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division and *National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates* [20].

GDP per capita estimates are the value of all goods and services produced in the economy divided by the population.

Source of the data: The National Accounts Database, available at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp> (December 2010 update), compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division and *National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates* [20].

GNI: Gross national income per capita estimates are the aggregate value of the balances of gross primary incomes for all

sectors in the economy divided by the population. GNI is equal to GDP less primary incomes payable to non-resident units plus primary incomes receivable from non-resident units. In other words, GNI is equal to GDP less taxes (less subsidies) on production and imports, compensation of employees and property income payable to the rest of the world plus the corresponding items receivable from the rest of the world. Thus GNI at market prices is the sum of gross primary incomes receivable by resident institutional units/sectors. It is worth noting that GNI at market prices was called gross national product in the 1953 SNA, and it was commonly denominated GNP. In contrast to GDP, GNI is not a concept of value added, but a concept of income (see *System of National Accounts 2008*).

Source of the data: The National Accounts Database, available at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp> (December 2010 update), compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division and *National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates* [20].

Gross fixed capital formation is measured by the total value of a producer's acquisitions, less disposals, of fixed assets during the accounting period plus certain specified expenditure on services that adds to the value of non-produced assets (see *System of National Accounts 2008*). The data are based on the percentage distribution of GDP in current prices.

Source of the data: The National Accounts Database, available at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp> (December 2010 update), compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division and *National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates* [20].

Industrial production index: The data shown here generally cover, unless otherwise noted, the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities, Revision 4 (ISIC Rev. 4) sections B, C, D and E (i.e., mining and quarrying; manufacturing; electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply; and water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities). The data that are footnoted as referring to ISIC Rev. 3 cover Tabulation Categories C, D and E (mining and quarrying; manufacturing; and electricity, gas and water supply).

Source of the data: Table 5 of the United Nations *Monthly Bulletin of Statistics* [19], October 2010. See also <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/mbs/>.

Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) is the ratio of infant deaths (the deaths of children under one year of age) in a given year to the total number of live births in the same year. Unless otherwise noted, the rates are the five-year projected averages for the reference period 2010-2015.

Source of the data: The Social Indicators website of the Demographic and Social Statistics Branch of the United Nations Statistics Division at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/socind/health.htm> [15] (December 2010 update).

International migrant stock generally represents the number of persons born in a country other than that in which they live. When information on country of birth was not recorded, data on the number of persons having foreign citizenship was used instead. In the absence of any empirical data, estimates were imputed. Data refer to mid-2010. Figures for international migrant stock as a percentage of the population are the outcome of dividing the estimated international migrant stock by the estimated total population and multiplying the result by 100.

Source of the data: The United Nations Population Division, *Trends in International Migrant Stock: The 2008 Revision* [11] available at <http://esa.un.org/migration/>. Estimates of total population are obtained from the United Nations Population Division, *World Population Prospects: The 2008 Revision* available at <http://www.unpopulation.org> and include information received by UNSD as of 16 October 2009.

Internet users per 100 inhabitants are based on nationally reported data for users divided by the total population and then multiplied by 100. There are variations in data collection among countries: some use surveys that give a more precise figure for the number of Internet users, while others base their estimates on derivations from reported Internet Service Provider subscriber counts, calculated by multiplying the number of subscribers by a multiplier. Surveys may differ across countries in the user age and frequency of use they cover. Some figures may refer to only users above a certain age.

Source of the data: The World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database 2010 (14th Edition) of the International Telecommunication Union [7], available at <http://www.itu.int/ITU->

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D/ict/publications/world/world.html (last accessed 22 November 2010).

Labour force participation rate is calculated by expressing the number of persons in the labour force as a percentage of the working-age population. The labour force is the sum of the number of persons employed and the number of unemployed (see ILO's *Current International Recommendations on Labour Statistics*). The working-age population is the population above a certain age, prescribed for the measurement of economic characteristics. Unless otherwise noted, the data refer to the age group of 15 years and over.

Source of the data: The Key Indicators of the Labour Market database [3], produced by the International Labour Organization, available at <http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/strat/kilm/> (last accessed 13 October 2010).

Life expectancy at birth is the average number of years of life at birth (age 0) according to the expected mortality rates by age estimated for the reference year and population. Unless otherwise indicated, the data are the five-year projected averages for the reference period 2010-2015.

Source of the data: The Social Indicators website of the Demographic and Social Statistics Branch of the United Nations Statistics Division at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/socind/health.htm> [15] (December 2010 update).

Major trading partners shows the largest trade partners (countries of destination and origin) in international merchandise trade transactions. Data are expressed as percentages of total exports and of total imports of the country or area.

Source of the data: The United Nations Statistics Division's Commodity Trade Statistics Database [14] (COMTRADE, see <http://comtrade.un.org>) and the United Nations *International Trade Statistics Yearbook* [18].

Population aged 0-14 years refers to the population aged 0-14 years of both sexes as a percentage of total population. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the year 2010.

Source of the data: The Social Indicators website of the Demographic and Social Statistics Branch of the United Nations Statistics Division at <http://unstats.un.org/>

unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/socind/child&elderly.htm [15]
(December 2010 update).

Population aged 60 years and over refers to elderly men as a percentage of all males and elderly women as a percentage of all females. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the year 2010.

Source of the data: The Social Indicators website of the Demographic and Social Statistics Branch of the United Nations Statistics Division at <http://unstats.un.org/>

unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/socind/child&elderly.htm [15]
(December 2010 update).

Population density refers to population per square kilometre of surface area. Data are derived from the population estimates for 2009 divided by the surface area. See also *population estimates* and *surface area*.

Population estimates: The total population of a country may comprise either all usual residents of the country (de jure population) or all persons present in the country (de facto population) at the time of the census. For purposes of international comparisons, the de facto definition is recommended.

Source of the data: Estimates for 2009 were prepared by the United Nations Population Division and published in the *World Population Prospects: The 2008 Revision* [12], available at <http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp2008/index.htm>.

Population growth rate is the average annual percentage change in total population size. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the period 2010-2015.

Source of the data: The Social Indicators website of the Demographic and Social Statistics Branch of the United Nations Statistics Division at <http://unstats.un.org/>

unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/socind/population.htm [15] (December 2010 update).

Rainfall in the capital city, total mean data are computed by adding average monthly measurements from the weather stations in the capital city, unless otherwise noted. The data are official climatological information supplied by national meteorological and hydrological services. Since the definition of mean rainfall and

averaging periods may be different for different countries, care should be taken when comparing city climatologies.

Source of the data: The World Meteorological Organization website [26], available at <http://www.worldweather.org/> (last accessed 13 January 2011).

Refugees and others of concern to the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): The 1951 United Nations Convention relating to the Status of Refugees spells out that a refugee is someone who, owing to a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, political opinion or membership in a particular social group, is outside the country of his or her nationality and is unable to, or owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail himself or herself of the protection of that country; or who, not having a nationality and being outside the country of his or her former habitual residence, is unable or, owing to such fear, unwilling to return to it. In this series, refugees refer to persons granted a humanitarian status and/or those granted temporary protection. Included are persons who have been granted temporary protection on a group basis. The series also includes returned refugees, asylum-seekers and persons displaced internally within their own country for reasons that would make them of concern to the UNHCR if they were outside their country of origin.

Source of the data: The *2009 Global Trends*, Table 1: Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum, end-2009 [9], available at <http://www.unhcr.org/statistics.html> (Annexes, last accessed 24 June 2010).

Region: Macro geographical regions arranged according to continents and component geographical regions used for statistical purposes.

Source of the data: The *Standard Country or Area Codes and Geographical Regions for Statistical Use, Revision 4* (United Nations publication) [21], available at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/methods/m49/m49.htm>.

Rural population growth rate data are based on the number of persons defined as rural according to national definitions of this concept. In most cases these definitions are those used in the most recent population census.

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Source of the data: The United Nations Population Division, *World Urbanization Prospects: The 2009 Revision* [13] available at <http://esa.un.org/unpd/wup/index.htm> (last accessed 6 July 2010).

Seats held by women in national parliaments refer to the number of women in the lower chamber of national parliaments expressed as a percentage of total occupied seats in the lower or single House.

Source of the data: The Inter-Parliamentary Union [6], *Women in National Parliaments, Situation as of 30 November 2010*, available at <http://www.ipu.org/wmn-e/classif.htm>.

Sex ratio is calculated as the ratio of the number of men to that of 100 women. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the year 2010.

Source of the data: The Social Indicators website of the Demographic and Social Statistics Branch of the United Nations Statistics Division at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/socind/population.htm> [15] (December 2010 update).

Surface area, unless otherwise noted, refers to land area plus inland water.

Source of the data: The United Nations *Demographic Yearbook 2008* [16], Table 3, available at <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/dyb2008.htm> (last accessed 23 September 2010).

Telephone subscribers, total per 100 inhabitants refer to the sum of main telephone lines and cellular mobile subscribers divided by the population and multiplied by 100.

Source of the data: The World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database 2010 (14th Edition) of the International Telecommunication Union [7], available at <http://www.itu.int/ITU-D/ict/publications/world/world.html> (last accessed 17 January 2011).

Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum): Data were computed from average monthly measurements from the weather stations in the capital city, unless otherwise noted. The data are official climatological information supplied by national meteorological and hydrological services worldwide. Since the definition of mean temperature and averaging

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periods may be different for different countries, care should be taken when comparing city climatologies.

Source of the data: The World Meteorological Organization website [26], available at <http://www.worldweather.org/> (last accessed 13 January 2011).

Threatened species represents the number of plants and animals that are most in need of conservation attention and are compiled by the World Conservation Union IUCN/ Species Survival Commission (SSC).

Source of the data: Table 5 of the 2010 review of *The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species* [25], available at www.iucnredlist.org (last accessed 1 November 2010).

Total trade: exports and imports show the movement of goods out of and into a country. Goods simply being transported through a country (goods in transit) or temporarily admitted (except for goods for inward processing) do not add to the stock of material resources of a country and are not included in the international merchandise trade statistics. In the “general trade system”, the definition of the statistical territory of a country coincides with its economic territory. In the “special trade system”, the definition of the statistical territory comprises only a particular part of the economic territory, mainly that part which coincides with the free circulation area for goods. “The free circulation area” is a part of the economic territory of a country within which goods “may be disposed of without Customs restrictions”. In the case of exports, the transaction value is the value at which the goods were sold by the exporter, including the cost of transportation and insurance, to bring the goods onto the transporting vehicle at the frontier of the exporting country (an FOB-type valuation). In the case of imports, the transaction value is the value at which the goods were purchased by the importer plus the cost of transportation and insurance to the frontier of the importing country (a CIF-type valuation). Both imports and exports are shown in United States dollars. Conversion from national currencies is made by means of currency conversion factors based on official exchange rates (par values or weighted averages).

Source of the data: The United Nations Statistics Division's Commodity Trade Statistics Database [14] (Comtrade, see <http://comtrade.un.org>) and the United Nations *International Trade Statistics Yearbook* [18].

Tourist arrivals at national borders: An international tourist is any person who travels to a country other than that in which he or she has his or her usual residence but outside his/her usual environment for a period not exceeding 12 months and whose main purpose of visit is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the country visited, and who stays at least one night in a collective or private accommodation in the country visited (see *Recommendations on Tourism Statistics* of the United Nations and the World Tourism Organization).

Source of the data: The United Nations World Tourism Organization *Yearbook of Tourism Statistics* [24]. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to arrivals of non-resident tourists at national borders, and include information received by UNSD as of 4 November 2010.

Unemployment refers to persons above a specified age who during a specified reference period were: “without work”, i.e. were not in paid employment or self-employment as defined under employment; “currently available for work”, i.e. were available for paid employment or self-employment during the reference period; and “seeking work”, i.e. had taken specific steps in a specified recent period to seek paid employment or self-employment. In circumstances where employment opportunities are particularly limited and where persons not working do not have easy access to formal channels for seeking employment or face social and cultural barriers when looking for a job, the “seeking work” criterion should be relaxed. National definitions of unemployment often differ from the recommended international standard definitions and thereby limit international comparability. Inter-country comparisons are also complicated by the different types of data collection systems used to obtain information on unemployed persons. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the 15 years and over age group and are national employment office statistics, usually labour force surveys, compiled by the ILO. (See ILO’s *Current International Recommendations on Labour Statistics*, 2000 Edition).

Source of the data: The LABORSTA Internet [4] an ILO database, Tables 3A and B4: Unemployment, general level, available at <http://laborsta.ilo.org> (last accessed 8 November 2010).

United Nations membership dates: The United Nations is an intergovernmental organization whose members are the countries of the world. Currently there are 192 Member States of the United Nations, some of which joined the UN by signing and ratifying the

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Charter of the United Nations in 1945; the other countries joined the UN later, through the adoption of a resolution admitting them to membership. The process usually follows these steps: first, the country applies for membership and makes a declaration accepting the obligations of the Charter; second, the Security Council adopts a resolution recommending that the General Assembly admit the country to membership and finally the General Assembly adopts a resolution admitting the country.

Source of the data: The List of Member States, available at <http://www.un.org/Overview/unmember.html> [23].

Urban population and **urban population growth rate** series are based on the number of persons defined as urban according to national definitions of this concept. In most cases these definitions are those used in the most recent population census.

Source of the data: The United Nations Population Division, *World Urbanization Prospects: The 2009 Revision* [13] available at <http://esa.un.org/unpd/wup/index.htm> (last accessed 6 July 2010).

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Statistical sources

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